

Status and extension of FLASH



Josef Feldhaus

- ❑ **Overview of 3rd user run**
- ❑ **Status of the FLASH II project**
- ❑ **Future developments**

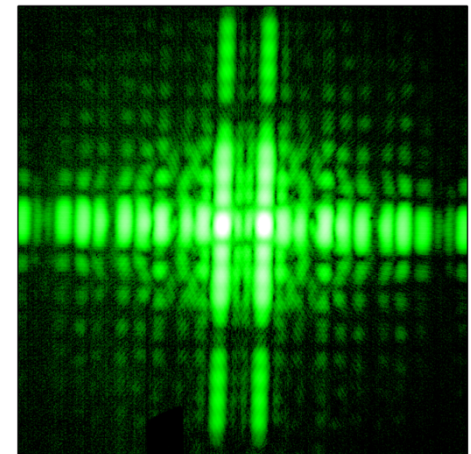
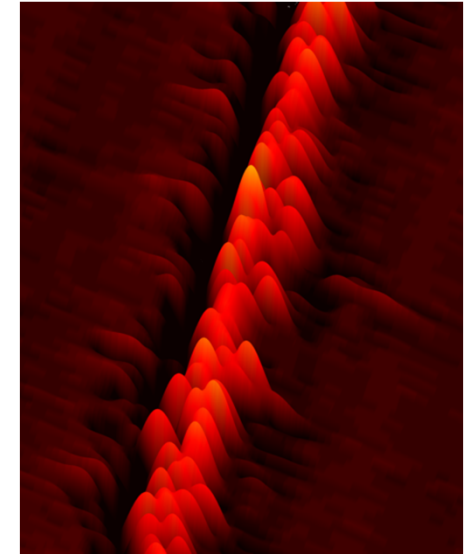
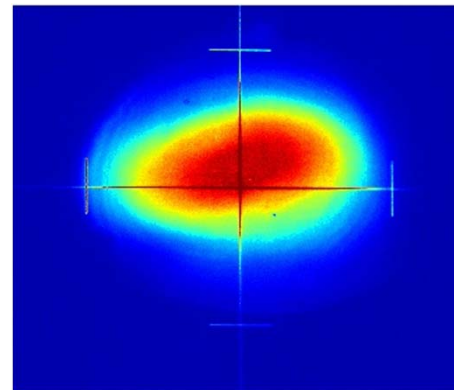
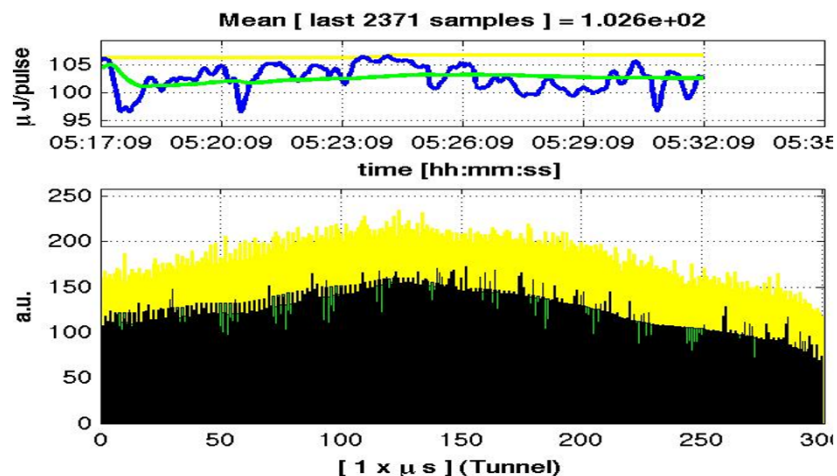


FLASH Parameters 2011

FEL Radiation Parameters 2011

Wavelength range (fundamental)	4.1 – 45 nm
Average single pulse energy	10 – 400 μJ
Pulse duration (FWHM)	50 – 200 fs
Peak power (from av.)	1 – 3 GW
Average power (example for 3000 pulses/sec)	~ 300 mW
Spectral width (FWHM)	$\sim 0.7 - 2$ %
Average Brilliance	$10^{17} - 10^{21}$ *
Peak Brilliance	$10^{29} - 10^{31}$ *

* photons/s/mrad²/mm²/0.1%bw

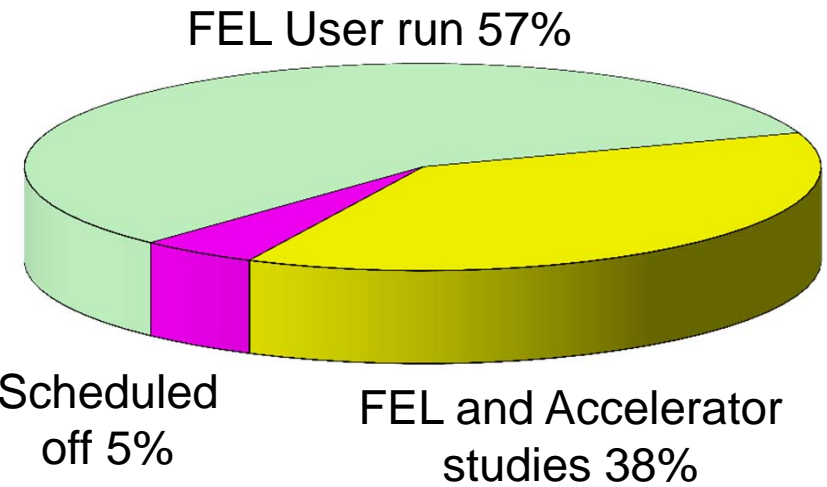


- 150 publications on photon science at FLASH, many in high impact journals

http://hasylab.desy.de/facilities/flash/publications/selected_publications

3rd User period

- ❑ Sep 2, 2010 – Sep 5, 2011
- ❑ 75 proposals reviewed, 29 proposals accepted
- ❑ 307 x 12 h-shifts scheduled plus ~20 % for in-house experiments and contingency
 - ❑ 8 user blocks of ~ 4 weeks each



Requested Pulse Pattern		
Single bunch		47 %
multi-bunch with different bunch spacing		53 %
Requested FEL pulse duration		
< 50 fs fwhh		28 % (*)
50 -100 fs		54 %
not critical, but high intensity		18 % (**)

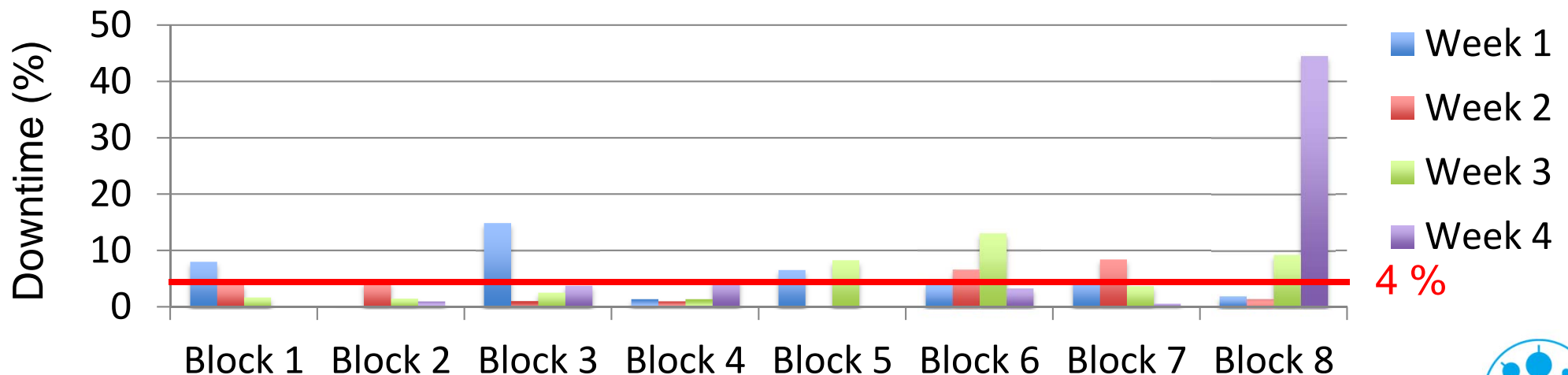
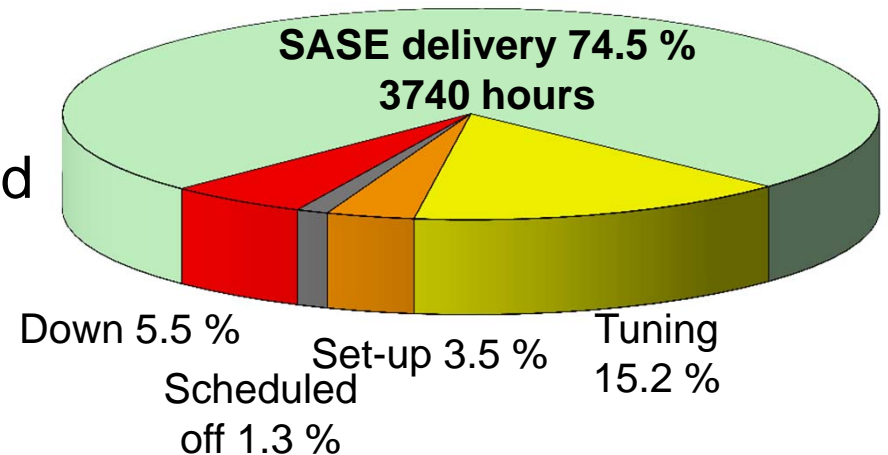
27	5 Jul - 11 Jul	7		
28	12 Jul - 18 Jul	7		
29	19 Jul - 25 Jul	7	FEL studies	
30	26 Jul - 1 Aug	2		
31	2 Aug - 8 Aug	3		preparation user run
32	9 Aug - 15 Aug	3		
33	16 Aug - 22 Aug	3		
34	23 Aug - 29 Aug	3		
35	30 Aug - 5 Sep	1	User Run	
36	6 Sep - 12 Sep	1		
37	13 Sep - 19 Sep	1		
38	20 Sep - 26 Sep	2	FEL studies	
39	27 Sep - 3 Oct	3		preparation user run
40	4 Oct - 10 Oct	1	User Run	
41	11 Oct - 17 Oct	1		
42	18 Oct - 24 Oct	1		
43	25 Oct - 31 Oct	1		
44	1 Nov - 7 Nov	2	FEL studies	
45	8 Nov - 14 Nov	2		
46	15 Nov - 21 Nov	3		preparation user run
47	22 Nov - 28 Nov	1	User Run	
48	29 Nov - 5 Dec	1		
49	6 Dec - 12 Dec	1		
50	13 Dec - 19 Dec	1		
51	20 Dec - 26 Dec	5	Maintenance	
52	27 Dec - 2 Jan	5		
January				
1	3 Jan - 9 Jan	4	Accelerator studies	preparation accelerator studies
2	10 Jan - 16 Jan	4		
3	17 Jan - 23 Jan	4		
4	24 Jan - 30 Jan	2	FEL studies	
5	31 Jan - 6 Feb	2		
6	7 Feb - 13 Feb	3		preparation user run
7	14 Feb - 20 Feb	1	User Run	
8	21 Feb - 27 Feb	1		
9	28 Feb - 6 Mar	1		
10	7 Mar - 13 Mar	1		
11	14 Mar - 20 Mar	2	FEL studies	test personnel interlock
12	21 Mar - 27 Mar	3		preparation user run
13	28 Mar - 3 Apr	1	User Run	
14	4 Apr - 10 Apr	1		
15	11 Apr - 17 Apr	1		
16	18 Apr - 24 Apr	1		
17	25 Apr - 1 May	2	FEL studies	
18	2 May - 8 May	2		
19	9 May - 15 May	3		preparation user run
20	16 May - 22 May	1	User Run	
21	23 May - 29 May	1		
22	30 May - 5 Jun	1		
23	6 Jun - 12 Jun	1		
24	13 Jun - 19 Jun	2	FEL studies	
25	20 Jun - 26 Jun	3		preparation user run
26	27 Jun - 3 Jul	1	User Run	
27	4 Jul - 10 Jul	1		
28	11 Jul - 17 Jul	1		
29	18 Jul - 24 Jul	1		
30	25 Jul - 31 Jul	2	FEL studies	
31	1 Aug - 7 Aug	3		preparation user run
32	8 Aug - 14 Aug	1	User Run	
33	15 Aug - 21 Aug	1		
34	22 Aug - 28 Aug	1		
35	29 Aug - 4 Sep	1		
36	5 Sep - 11 Sep	1		
37	12 Sep - 18 Sep	6	FLASH II construction	shutdown starts 15-Sep

(*) 72 % multi-bunch (**) mostly multi-bunch



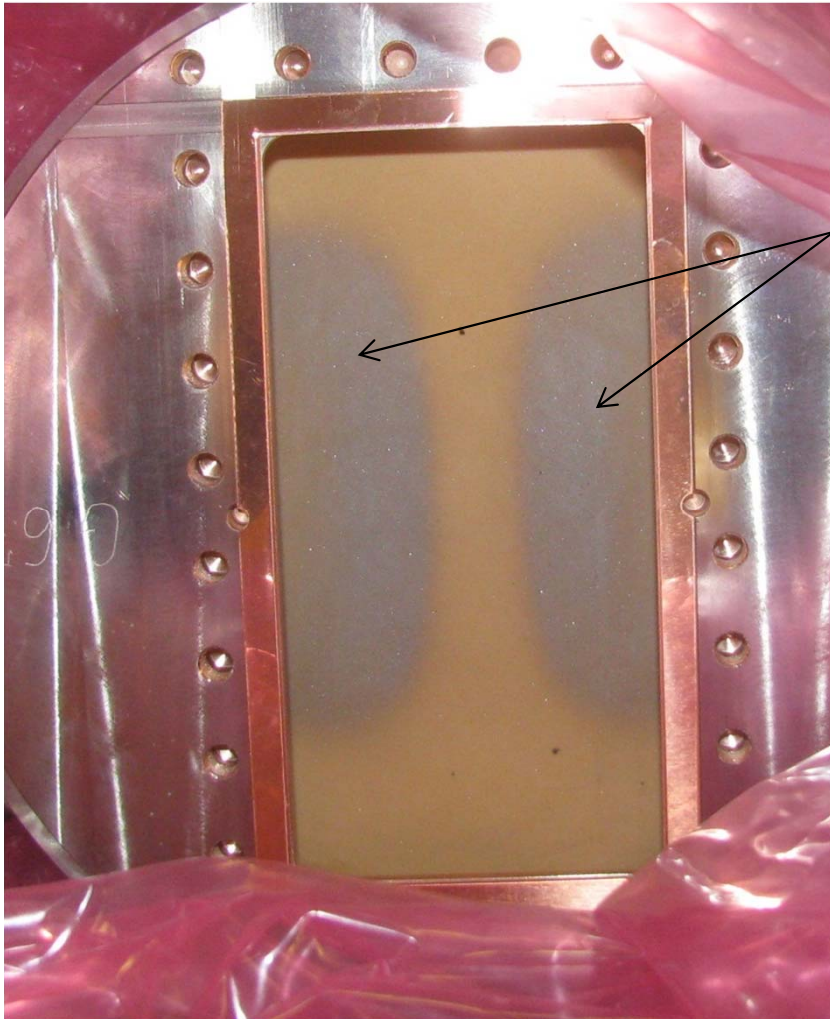
Beam delivery during user time

- 8 User blocks scheduled with 4955 hours
- 3740 hours of SASE delivery (user and in-house experiments)
- 3686 h scheduled for external users, 3628 h delivered (98 %)
- Down time and tuning largely compensated by using in-house, contingency, and maintenance shifts
- Run stopped on Sep 5, 9am, due to RF-gun failure



RF-Window after dismounting

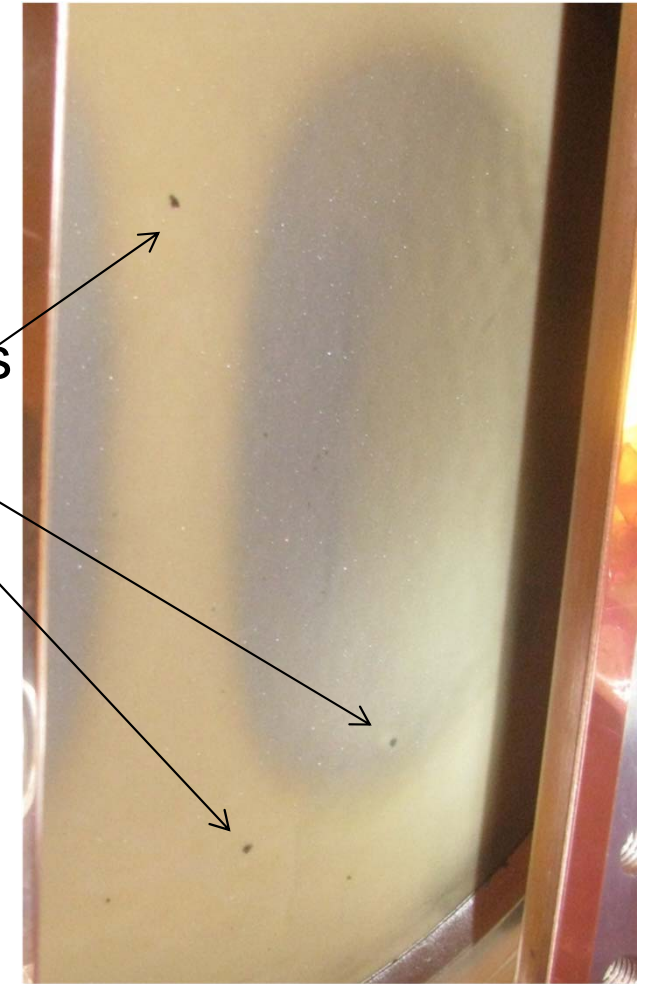
Vacuum side



Pattern which indicates the high field region (dipole field)

Many particles/dark spots visible

Dark area most likely metallization which is a definite risk of operation

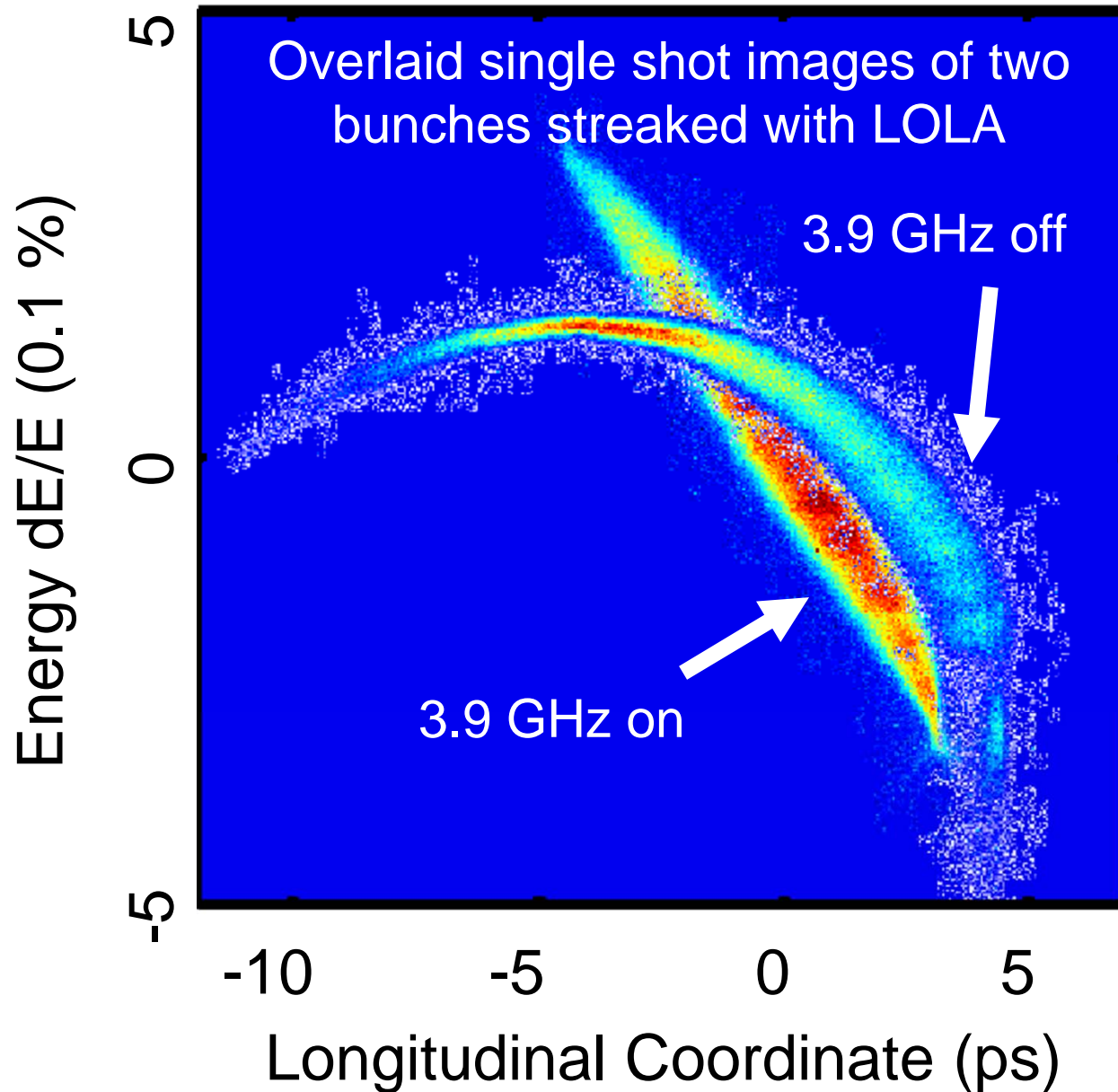


3.9 GHz (3rd harmonic) Module and Module 1

- ❑ New 1st accelerating module with improved cavities and Piezo tuners
- ❑ 3rd harmonic module with four nine-cell superconducting cavities operated at 3.9 GHz
 - ❑ includes RF system and LLRF regulation
 - ❑ built at FNAL (Fermilab) in a collaboration with DESY



Bunch compression using 3rd-harmonic cavities

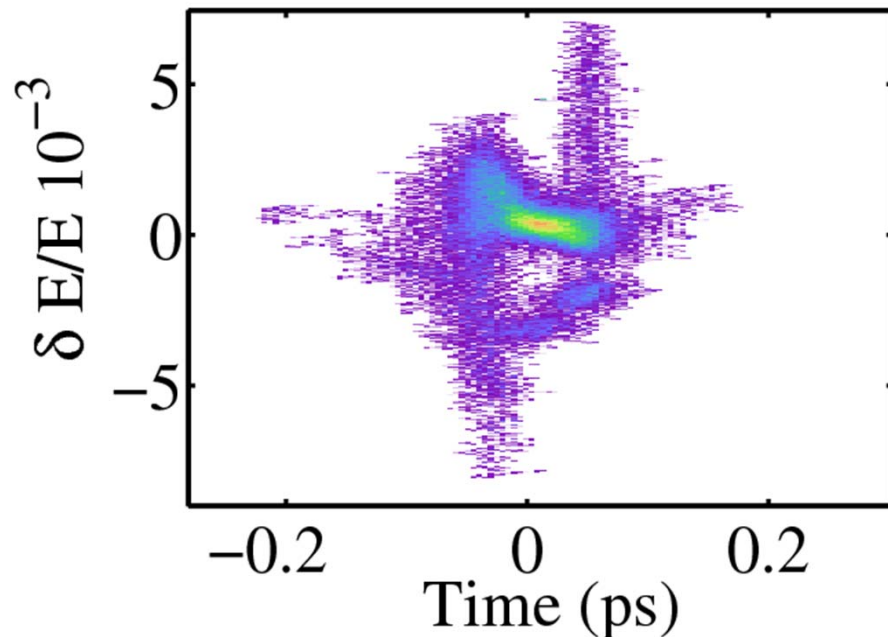


- measured with LOLA,
- dispersive section
- beam energy 700 MeV
- slight compression with 1st module (ACC1)
- 3.9 GHz cavities on/off

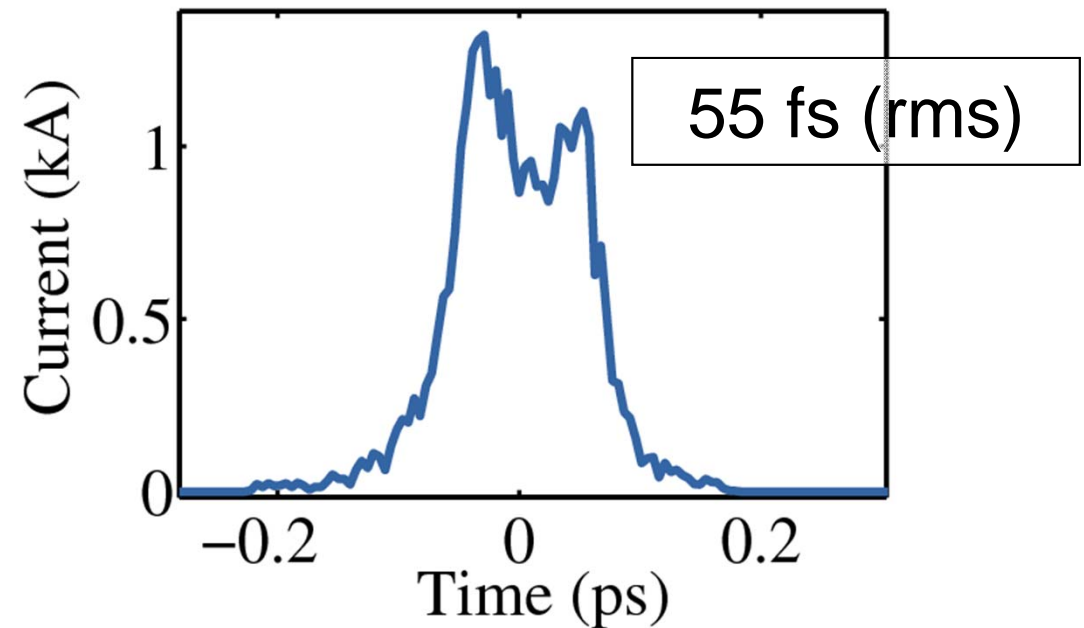
Example of longitudinal electron bunch profile

Phase space distribution measured with LOLA (bunch charge 200 pC)

Longitudinal phase space

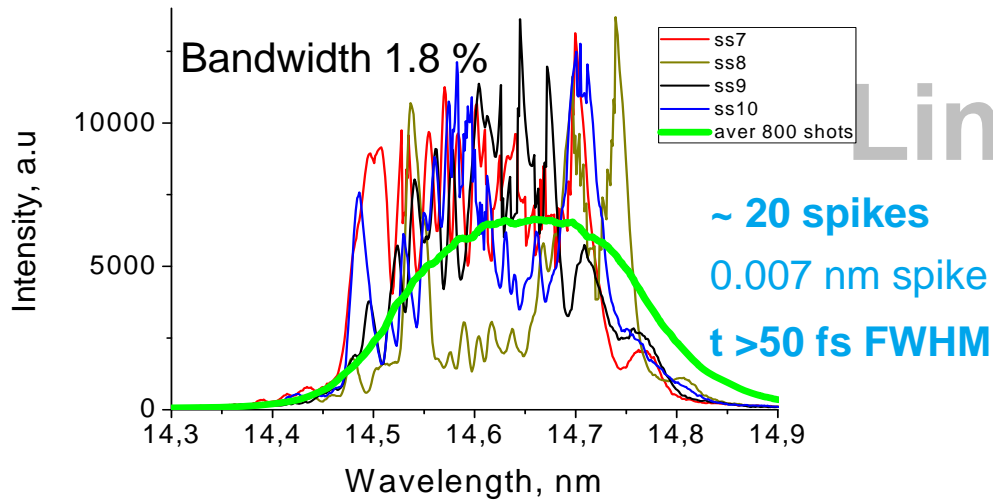


Longitudinal bunch profile

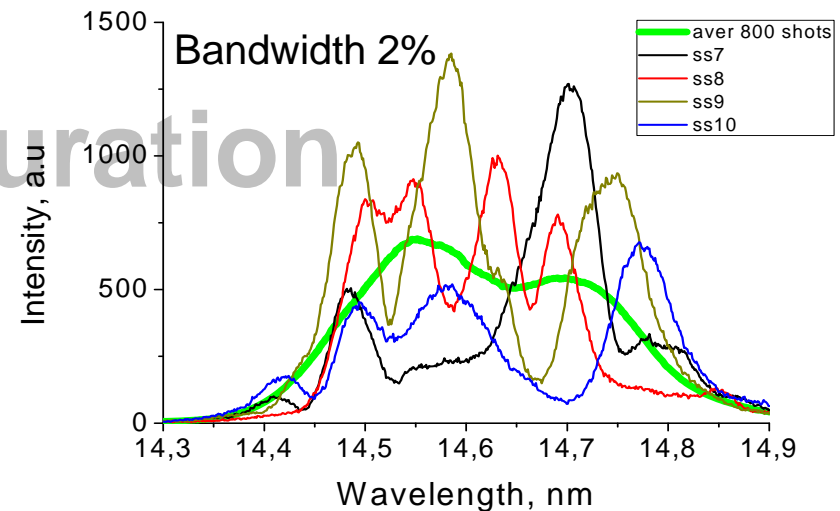
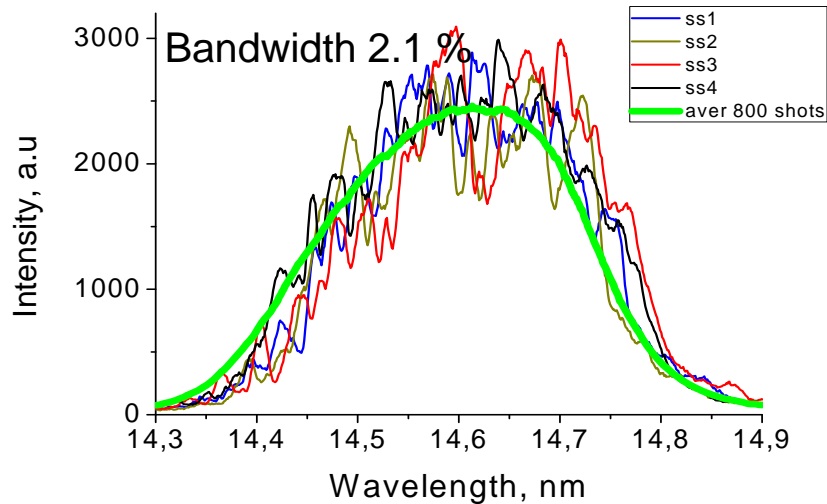
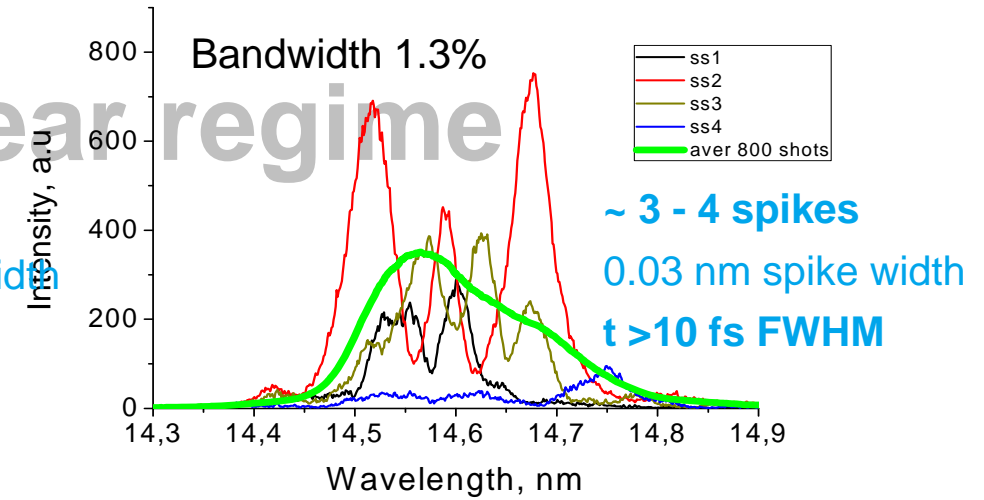


Spectra at different bunch charges

500 pC



150 pC



Low charge operation

- ❑ Requires new sensors and more sensitive electronics for electron beam diagnostics (charge, position, timing)
- ❑ Requires careful tuning of bunch compression using electron and photon diagnostics
- ❑ Online monitoring of electron phase space and FEL pulse length not available yet



Measurement of short FEL pulses

- ❑ Wanted: monitoring of the photon pulse length
- ❑ Experiments to compare different techniques are being performed in a regular manner
- ❑ Methods to measure FEL pulse duration being used or tested
 - ❑ THz streak camera
with THz undulator, edge radiation, external laser
 - ❑ THz undulator as afterburner (optical replica of the FEL-pulse)
 - ❑ High resolution spectrometer
 - ❑ Statistical methods
 - ❑ Autocorrelation (several set-ups)
 - ❑ Cross correlation techniques (e.g. reflectivity)
- ❑ Next campaign in weeks 6, 9 and 10



4th User Period - schedule 2012

1	2.Jan - 8.Jan	7	FLASH commissioning		
2	9.Jan - 15.Jan	7			
3	16.Jan - 22.Jan	7			
4	23.Jan - 29.Jan	7			
5	30.Jan - 5.Feb	4	Accelerator studies		
6	6.Feb - 12.Feb	4			
7	13.Feb - 19.Feb	4			
8	20.Feb - 26.Feb	2	FEL studies		
9	27.Feb - 4.Mar	2			
10	5.Mar - 11.Mar	2			FLS2012
11	12.Mar - 18.Mar	3		preparation user run	
12	19.Mar - 25.Mar	1	User Run		
13	26.Mar - 1.Apr	1			
14	2.Apr - 8.Apr	1			
15	9.Apr - 15.Apr	2	FEL studies	personnel interlock test, Survey	
16	16.Apr - 22.Apr	2			PETRA interlock test
17	23.Apr - 29.Apr	3		preparation user run	
18	30.Apr - 6.May	3			
19	7.May - 13.May	1	User Run		
20	14.May - 20.May	1			
21	21.May - 27.May	1			IPAC New Orleans
22	28.May - 3.Jun	1			
23	4.Jun - 10.Jun	2	FEL studies	Survey	
24	11.Jun - 17.Jun	3		preparation user run	
25	18.Jun - 24.Jun	1	User Run		school holidays HH
26	25.Jun - 1.Jul	1			school holidays HH/SH
27	2.Jul - 8.Jul	1			school holidays HH/SH
28	9.Jul - 15.Jul	1			school holidays HH/SH
29	16.Jul - 22.Jul	5	Maintenance	vacuum work, survey, bypass	Science at FELs
30	23.Jul - 29.Jul	2	FEL studies		school holidays HH/SH
31	30.Jul - 5.Aug	2			school holidays HH/SH
32	6.Aug - 12.Aug	3		preparation user run	
33	13.Aug - 19.Aug	1	User Run		
34	20.Aug - 26.Aug	1			
35	27.Aug - 2.Sep	1			FEL Nara
36	3.Sep - 9.Sep	1			
37	10.Sep - 16.Sep	4	Accelerator studies		
38	17.Sep - 23.Sep	2	FEL studies		
39	24.Sep - 30.Sep	2			
40	1.Oct - 7.Oct	3		preparation user run	
41	8.Oct - 14.Oct	1	User Run		
42	15.Oct - 21.Oct	1			
43	22.Oct - 28.Oct	1			
44	29.Oct - 4.Nov	1			
45	5.Nov - 11.Nov	2	FEL studies		
46	12.Nov - 18.Nov	3		preparation user run	
47	19.Nov - 25.Nov	1	User Run		
48	26.Nov - 2.Dec	1			
49	3.Dec - 9.Dec	1			
50	10.Dec - 16.Dec	1			
51	17.Dec - 23.Dec	6	Start Shutdown 20-Dec-2012		
52	24.Dec - 30.Dec	6			
1	31.Dec - 6.Jan	6			
2	7.Jan - 13.Jan	6			

- ❑ 6 blocks with 250 shifts scheduled
- ❑ 20 projects selected out of 77 proposals (+5 reserve), plus 4 in-house projects, plus compensation for lost week
- ❑ First iteration for detailed schedule of experiments done

main problem:

nobody likes to use 1st block

Consequences:

- ❑ Time for machine tuning has to be taken from the user shifts
- ❑ We need more flexibility in the future



Example schedule of block 6

- Colors indicate different experiments (8 experiments on 3 beamlines, 4 need optical laser, 3 need THz)
- The schedule is a delicate balance between beamline availability, pump-probe lasers, set-up time, sample changes, and many other constraints

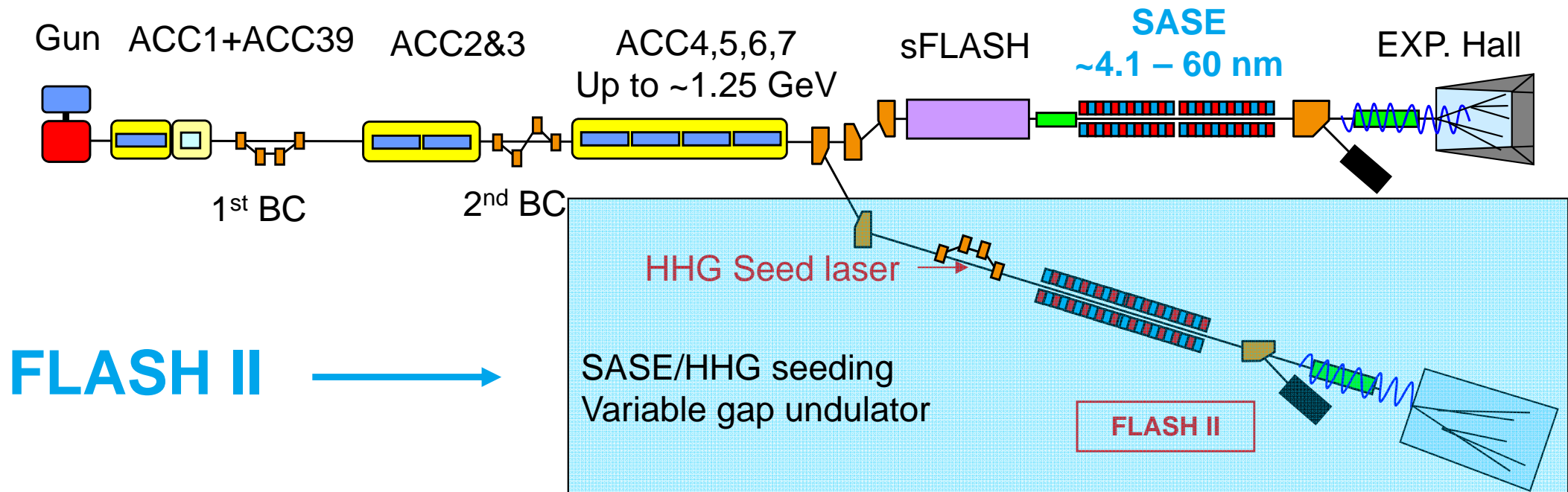
preliminary - first iteration

November - December 2012 / Beamblock 6				last update: 19.1.2012			
				L = optical pump-probe laser		SD= Split and delay	
day shift (7:00-19:00)				night shift (19:00 -7:00)			
19.11.12	Mo	machine setup for users		Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.05 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
20.11.12	Tu	Wernet	10.1 nm +/- 0.4 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Wernet	10.1 nm +/- 0.4 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL2 L
21.11.12	We	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.05 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.05 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
22.11.12	Th	Wernet	10.1 nm +/- 0.4 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Wernet	10.1 nm +/- 0.4 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL2 L
23.11.12	Fr	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
24.11.12	Sa	Wernet	10.1 nm +/- 0.4 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Wernet	10.1 nm +/- 0.4 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL2 L
25.11.12	Su	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
26.11.12	Mo	Acremann	20.7 nm +/- 3 nm 300b., 500kHz, 50-100fs, 10µJ	Acremann	20.7 nm +/- 3 nm	300b., 500kHz, 50-100fs, 10µJ	PG2 L
27.11.12	Tu	Maintenance		Maintenance			
28.11.12	We	Maintenance / machine setup for users		Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
29.11.12	Th	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Acremann	20.7 nm +/- 3 nm	300b., 500kHz, 50-100fs, 10µJ	PG2 L
30.11.12	Fr	Acremann	20.7 nm +/- 3 nm 300b., 500kHz, 50-100fs, 10µJ	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
1.12.12	Sa	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.05 nm 1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	Moeller	13.5 nm +/- 0.05 nm	1b., 50-100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
2.12.12	Su	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm 100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm	100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	BL2
3.12.12	Mo	Acremann	20.7 nm +/- 3 nm 300b., 500kHz, 50-100fs, 10µJ	Acremann	20.7 nm +/- 3 nm	300b., 500kHz, 50-100fs, 10µJ	PG2 L
4.12.12	Tu	Maintenance		Maintenance			
5.12.12	We	Maintenance / machine setup for users		Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm	100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	BL2
6.12.12	Th	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm 100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm	100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	BL2
7.12.12	Fr	Radu	8.7 nm +/- 0.1 nm 30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	Radu	8.7 nm +/- 0.1 nm	30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
8.12.12	Sa	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm 100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm	100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	BL2
9.12.12	Su	Gerasimova inhouse	18.8 nm +/- 0.1 nm 800b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	Gerasimova inhouse	18.8 nm +/- 0.1 nm	800b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	PG2 L
10.12.12	Mo	Radu	8.7 nm +/- 0.1 nm 30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	Radu	23.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
11.12.12	Tu	Gerasimova inhouse	18.8 nm +/- 0.1 nm 800b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	Gerasimova inhouse	18.8 nm +/- 0.1 nm	800b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	PG2 L
12.12.12	We	Radu	8.7 nm +/- 0.1 nm 30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	Radu	23.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
13.12.12	Th	Radu	23.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm 30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	Radu	23.5 nm +/- 0.1 nm	30b., 1MHz, <50fs, max pulse energy	BL3 THz
14.12.12	Fr	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm 100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm	100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	BL2
15.12.12	Sa	Chapman/DePonte	4.2 nm +/- 0.01 nm 100b., 1MHz, >100fs, max pulse energy	setup 20.8 nm			
16.12.12	Su	Stojanovic inhouse	20.8 nm +/- 0.3 nm 1b., >100fs, max pulse energy	Contingency / Machine setup			
17.12.12	Mo	Stojanovic inhouse	20.8 nm +/- 0.3 nm 1b., >100fs, max pulse energy	Contingency / Machine setup			
18.12.12	Tu	Aquila	13.5 nm +/- 0.2 nm 100b., 40kHz, <50fs, 10µJ	Aquila	13.5 nm +/- 0.2 nm	100b., 40kHz, <50fs, 10µJ	BL2
19.12.12	We	Stojanovic inhouse	20.8 nm +/- 0.3 nm 1b., >100fs, max pulse energy	Stojanovic inhouse	20.8 nm +/- 0.3 nm	1b., >100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 L THz
20.12.12	Th	Aquila	13.5 nm +/- 0.2 nm 100b., 40kHz, <50fs, 10µJ	Aquila	13.5 nm +/- 0.2 nm	100b., 40kHz, <50fs, 10µJ	BL2
21.12.12	Fr	Stojanovic inhouse	20.8 nm +/- 0.3 nm 1b., >100fs, max pulse energy	Stojanovic inhouse	20.8 nm +/- 0.3 nm	1b., >100fs, max pulse energy	BL3 L THz



The FLASH II project

- 2nd FEL in a new tunnel and new experimental hall
- Electron beam switch behind last accelerator module
- Tuning of FLASH2 by changing undulator gap
- Employing SASE and HHG seeding

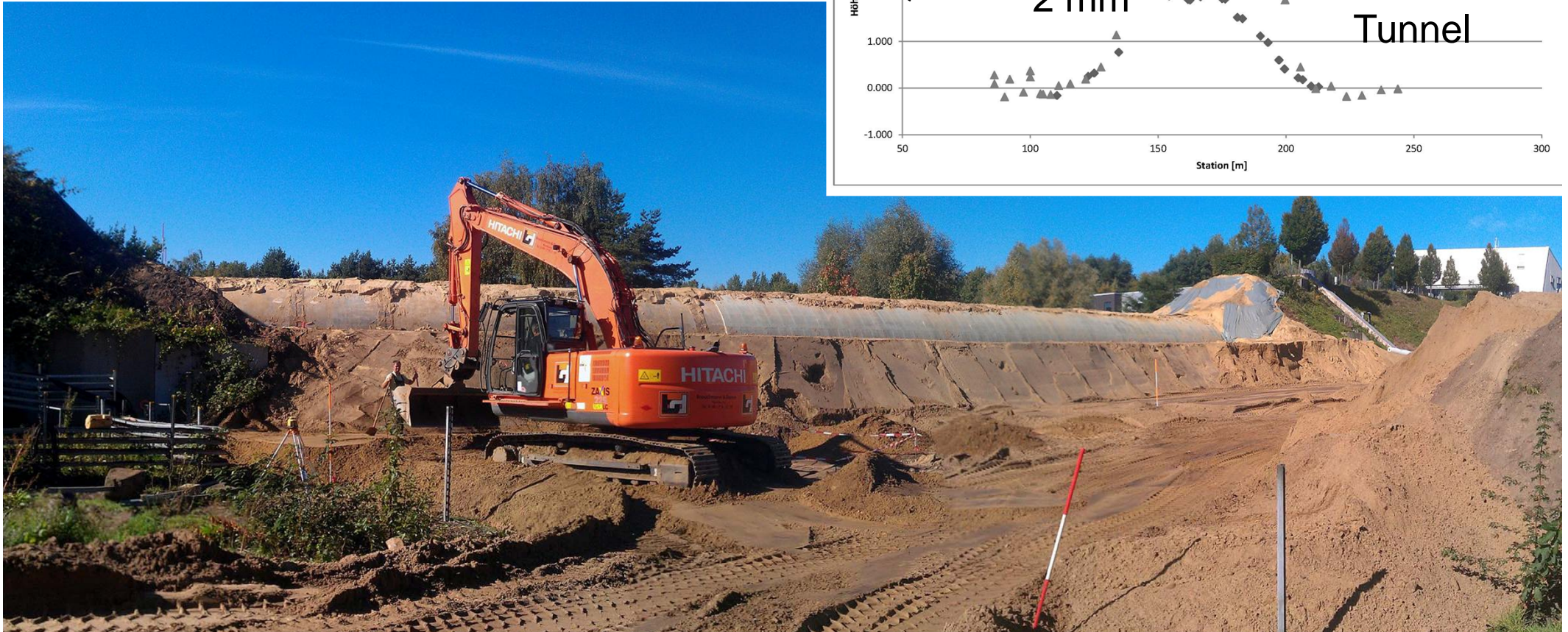
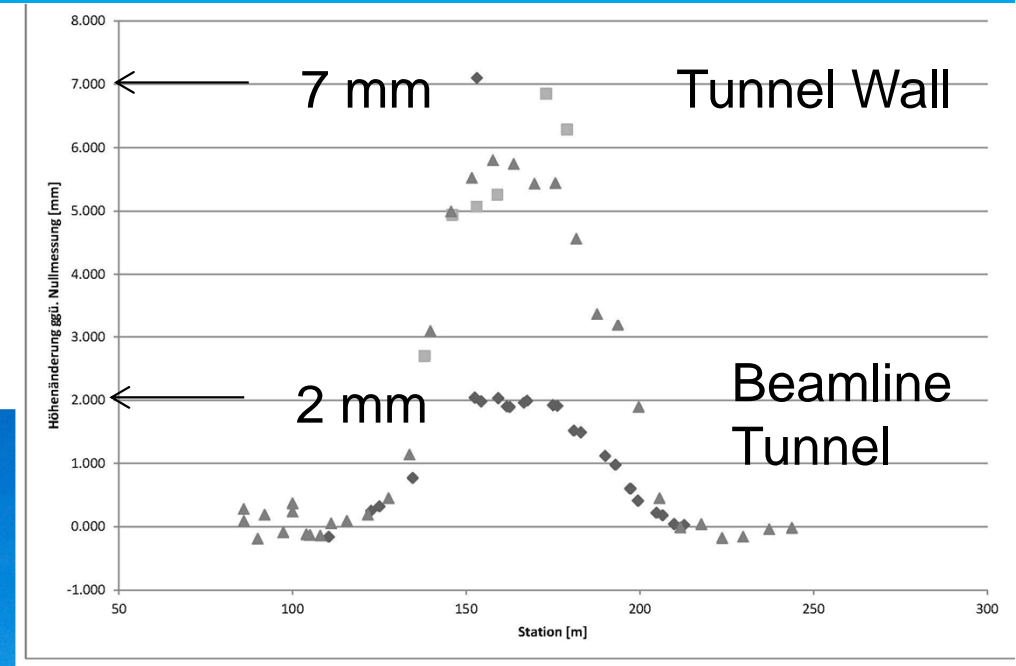


FLASH II →

Civil Construction started in Sep 2011

Movement

- Tunnel Wall
- Components



Construction of FLASH II - Sep 2011



Construction of FLASH II - Nov 2011



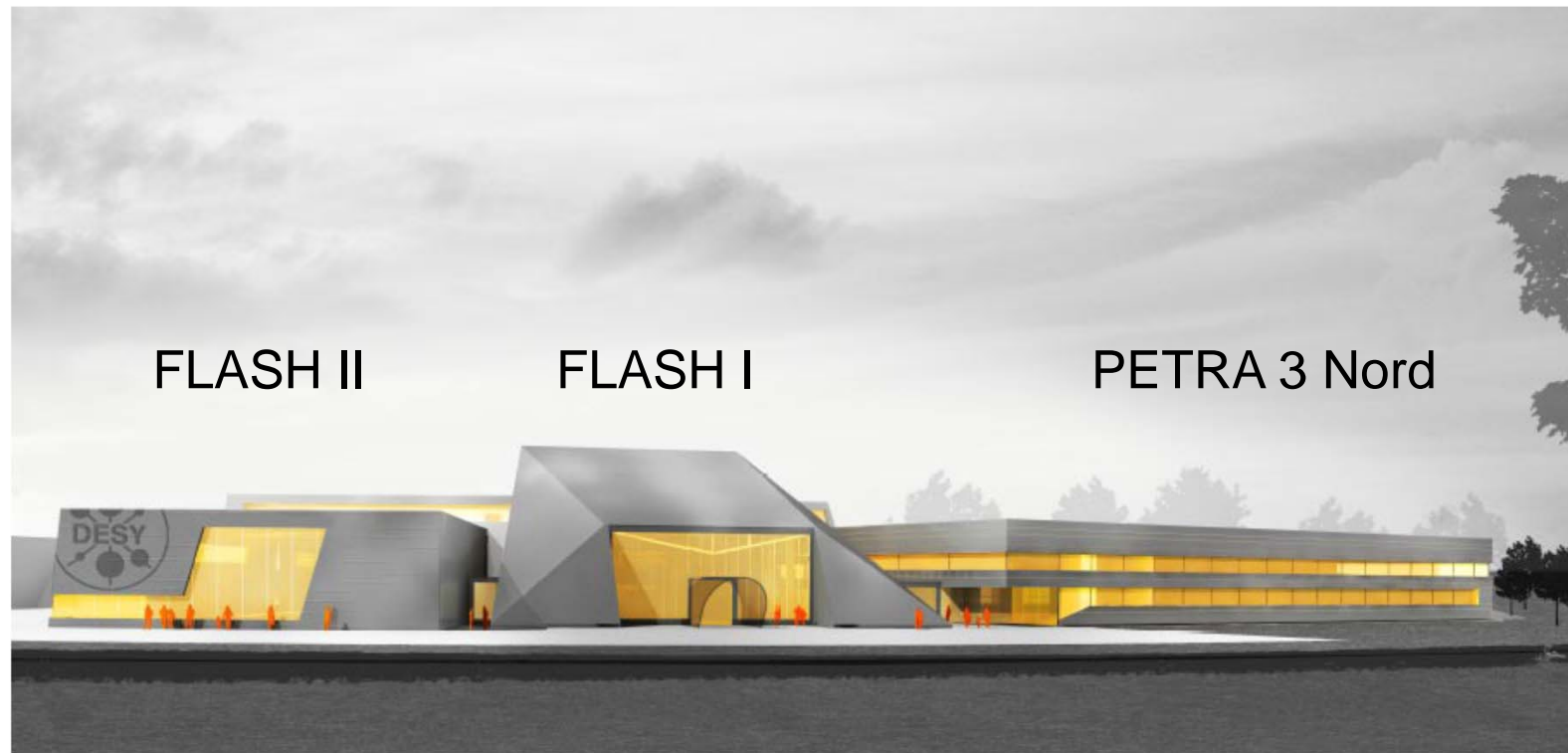
Construction of FLASH II - Dec 2011



Construction of FLASH II - Jan 2012



FLASH in 2014



The future
FLASH facility
from the North



from the South
(walking on the
FLASH tunnel)

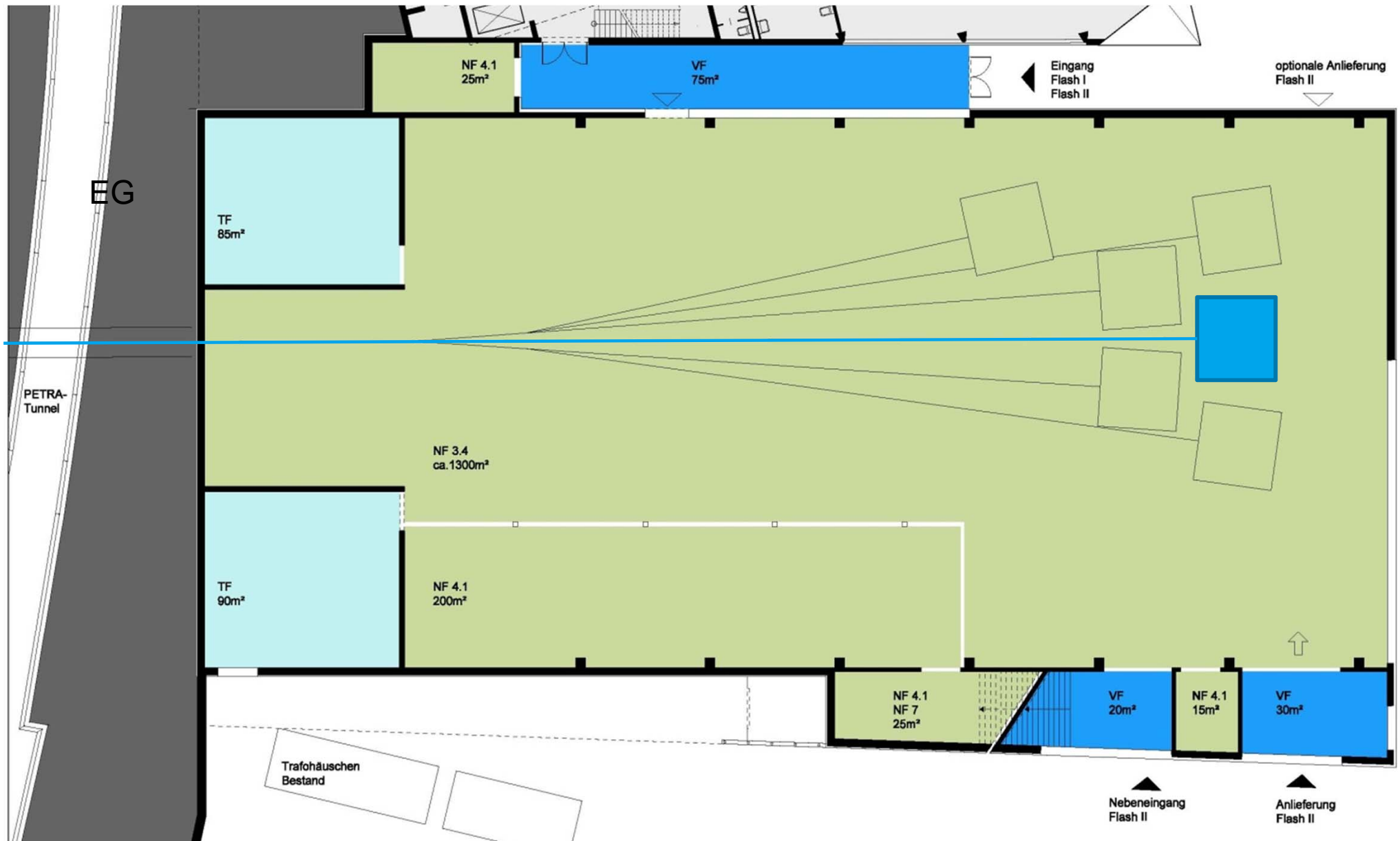
Time schedule FLASH II

- Taking into account
- PETRA III and DORIS runs
 - XFEL and PETRA Upgrade construction
- ❑ Civil Construction Tunnel started in September 2011
(3 month FLASH1 shutdown Sep-Dec 2011)
 - ❑ Installation of hardware starting autumn 2012
 - ❑ Connection FLASH1 + 2: Winter / Spring 2013
(FLASH1 shutdown)
 - ❑ Technical commissioning starting spring 2013
 - ❑ Experimental hall construction starting summer 2012



New experimental hall - in 2014

Only the centre beamline is in the FLASH II budget



„New Science Opportunities with FLASH“ Workshop

October 12 -14, 2011.



- **Over 150 participants**
- **20 user talks and over 40 posters, 10 facility talks**
- **1st day: Presentation of news from FLASH and status of FLASH II project**
- **2nd and 3rd day: Highlights of research at FLASH and proposals for permanent end stations for FLASH 2**

Workshop summary

- ❑ First discussion of the scientific perspectives and possible permanent end stations with the user community
- ❑ Should be continued in order to make use of the upcoming BMBF Verbundforschung funding period in a coordinated way (Dec 2012)
- ❑ There is a strong interest in studying magnetic and biological materials
=> <1.5 nm wavelength with variable polarisation; water window
- ❑ There is a strong demand for ultrahigh temporal resolution (~10 fs)
=> synchronisation, seeding, diagnostics for jitter and pulse duration
- ❑ We need to develop a medium-term scenario for FLASH as a whole



Further development of FLASH

after FLASH2 is operational with a few beamlines:

- ❑ New FLASH1 undulator with shorter period, variable gap and variable polarisation
- ❑ Further energy upgrade to ~ 1.5 GeV (exchange of modules)

later possibly:

- ❑ FLASH3 option (extraction and beam dump prepared)
 - will depend on user demand in the future
 - could provide long wavelengths: $\sim 8 - 80$ nm
- ❑ Increased duty cycle



Possible long-term scenario for FLASH

	FLASH1	FLASH2	FLASH3
Energy (GeV)	0.7-1.6	0.7-1.6	0.7-1.6
Peak current (kA)	2.5	2.5	2.5
Charge (nC)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Normal. emittance (mm mrad)	1.0*	1.3	2.0
Energy spread (MeV)	0.2	0.5	1.0
Wavelength range @ 1.6 GeV	1.5 – 2	2.5-6.5	8-12
Undulator period (mm)	23	31.4	36
Minimum gap	10	9	9
Saturation length	<36	<30	<20
Total wavelength range**	1.5 – 10	2.5 – 40	8 – 80

by Bart Faatz

* new gun klystron needed to get 60 MV/m gradient → 1 mm mrad emittance

** 0.7 – 1.6 GeV



Summary

- ❑ The 3rd user period was a great success – from the operational point of view, after a long shutdown with many significant changes
- ❑ FLASH operation is more stable and reliable than ever (uptime 96 %)
- ❑ Many things are being improved or developed, e.g. reliable operation with very short pulses (<50 fs FWHM) together with many pulses per train and synchronization to the level of the pulse length
- ❑ FLASH II is making progress, but some delays are foreseeable due to too many other parallel projects
- ❑ The further development of the facility is under discussion with the user community; we should coordinate the applications for BMBF funding (“Verbundforschung”) to support the construction of new beamlines and experimental stations





SCIENCE at FELs.

SRI 2012 Satellite Meeting

15 – 18 July, 2012
at DESY in Hamburg, Germany

jointly organised by DESY and European XFEL

The Science at FELs Satellite Meeting to the 11th International Conference on Synchrotron Radiation Instrumentation in Lyon, France will present science highlights achieved in the first seven years of operation of short-wavelength Free-Electron Lasers (FELs). Applications from quantum optics to life sciences and systems from atoms to complex solids will be featured. A focus will also be placed on new directions in science at FELs and challenges to scientific instrumentation. Hamburg is directly connected to Lyon via airplane. Visits of the **FLASH** facility at DESY and the **European XFEL** construction site will be included in the meeting programme.

International programme committee

M. Altarelli (European XFEL), H. Dosch (DESY),
T. Ishikawa (RIKEN SPring-8), F. Parmiglani (University
of Trieste), C. Pellegrini (UCLA), J. Stöhr (SLAC)

Local organising committee

E. Weckert (chair), J. Feldhaus, E. Plönjes (DESY)
Th. Tschentscher (chair), I. Gembalies, A. Madsen,
M. Meyer (European XFEL)

For registration and programme information please visit:
science-at-FELs-2012.desy.de

Deadline for abstract submission is 30 January 2012.

> science-at-FELs-2012.desy.de

> **July 15-18, 2012**

> **Abstract submission deadline:
extended to Feb 6, 2012**

> **Registration deadline: April 30, 2012**

