

SPB/SFX Instrument Parameters for User Experiments (run 2022-02)

Version 1.0
19/10/2021

Photon beam parameters		
Photon energy	6 - 12 keV	Up to 15 keV potentially possible
Pulse energy	≥ 2 mJ	Typical at 9.3 keV
Photons per pulse (at source)	$\sim 1 \times 10^{12}$	Derived from previous two fields (@ 9.3 keV)
Pulse duration	25 fs	Estimated
Focal spot size (FWHM)	$\sim 3 \mu\text{m}$ < 400 nm	Two KB mirror systems available
Photons / μm^2 (at sample)	$> 10^{10}$	Derived. Includes abs, expected spot size range.
Train repetition rate	10 Hz	
Intra-train repetition rate	1.1 MHz	(4.5 MHz, 100 kHz, some quasi-arbitrary patterns)
$\Delta E/E$	$\sim 0.2\%$	Estimated
No. of bunches per train	≤ 352	Some quasi-arbitrary patterns possible.
Sample delivery systems: In vacuum (upstream, 1 Mpx AGIPD) and in-helium (downstream, roadrunner, Jungfrau 4M)		
Liquid jet injector rod	$\frac{1}{2}$ " nozzle rod with M9x1 mm fine thread nozzle mount compatible with the CXI nozzle rod at LCLS (MPI design), 1030 mm in length. Additionally, 25mm nozzle rod with M23 fine thread.	
Sample injection nozzles (GDVN and DFFN)	3D printed nozzles to produce μm -sized liquid jets. Other nozzle types also possible. Nozzles are expected to be user-supplied unless otherwise arranged with SEC group prior to proposal.	
High viscosity liquid jet	Mounted on nozzle rod. ASU or EuXFEL design	
Aerosol injector	Aerosol produced by electrospray. Other nebulizers also possible	
Fixed target sample holder	Various available. Please consult with instrument scientists prior to proposal.	
Pressure systems	HPLC pumps, syringe pumps, gas-pressurised sample reservoirs	
AGIPD 1 Mpx detection properties		
Number of pixels	1024x1024	4 quadrants, each 512x512 pixels
Pixel size	200 μm x 200 μm	
Minimum sample–detector distance*	~ 129 mm	Maximum 200 mm stroke
Resolution at edge @ 9.3 keV	$< 2 \text{ \AA}$	At minimum distance from sample
Max sample detector distance	~ 5.5 m	
Hole size	8 mm. Possibly ~ 5 mm—large	

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Optical laser system 1 properties		
Wavelength	800 nm	From 740 to 840 nm (pulse duration is longer than 15 fs)
Pulse duration	15–300 fs	
Repetition rate	4.5 MHz	Down to 100 kHz
Pulse energy	50 μ J	
Wavelength conversion	SHG, THG (no OPA)	SHG (370–420 nm), THG (246–280 nm)
Spot size	30–50 μ m	Diameter (estimated, typical)
Optical laser system 2 properties		
Wavelength	1030 nm	No wavelength tunability
Pulse duration	1–400 ps	
Repetition rate	4.5 MHz	Down to 100 kHz
Pulse energy	1 mJ	
Wavelength conversion	SHG, THG, FHG	SHG (515 nm), THG (343 nm), FHG (258 nm)
Spot size	30–50 μ m	Diameter (estimated, typical)
Optical laser system 3 properties (Opolette 355 HE)		
Wavelength	210 – 2400 nm	OPO output
Pulse duration	3 – 7 ns	
Repetition rate	Single shot – 20Hz	Down to 100 kHz
Pulse energy	0.5 – 9 mJ	Dependent on wavelength
Spot size	4 mm	Near field
Three of these systems can be operated simultaneously		

Photon Arrival Monitor (PAM) timing tool available for micron beam experiments, depending on experimental configuration. TOPAS in commissioning and potentially available for experiments for run 2022-02. In Helium serial crystallography with Jungfrau 4M detector also available.

In these cases, discussion with instrument scientists before proposal submission is essential

Please discuss your experiment plans with an SPB/SFX instrument scientist **before** submitting your proposal. They can help you with any details that may have updated, assist with evaluating experiment feasibility, and much more.

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