

# Status of the European XFEL and plans for a SQS instrument

European XFEL User Workshop,  
University Aarhus, Oct 29-31, 2008

**Thomas Tschentscher**  
European XFEL Project Team, Hamburg, Germany

# Contents

## The European XFEL

- outline
- SASE 3 soft x-ray beamline
- SQS scientific instrument(s)
- additional instrumentation
- user operation

## The international project

- status
- timeline

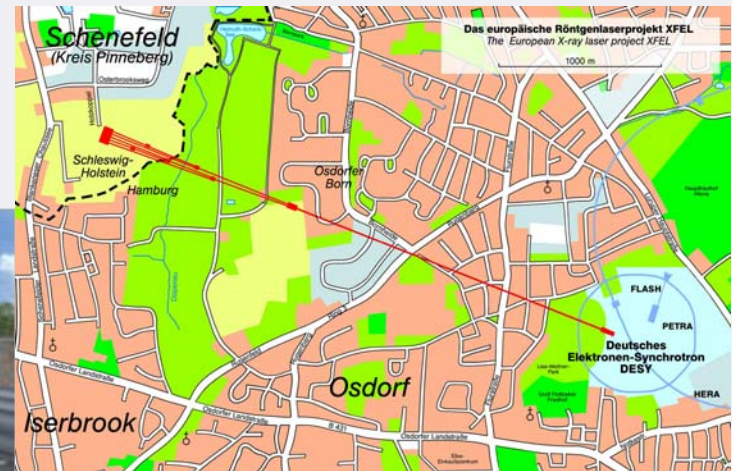
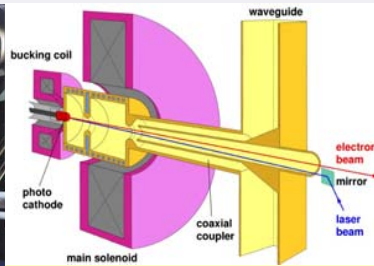
## This workshop

- plenaries
- working groups

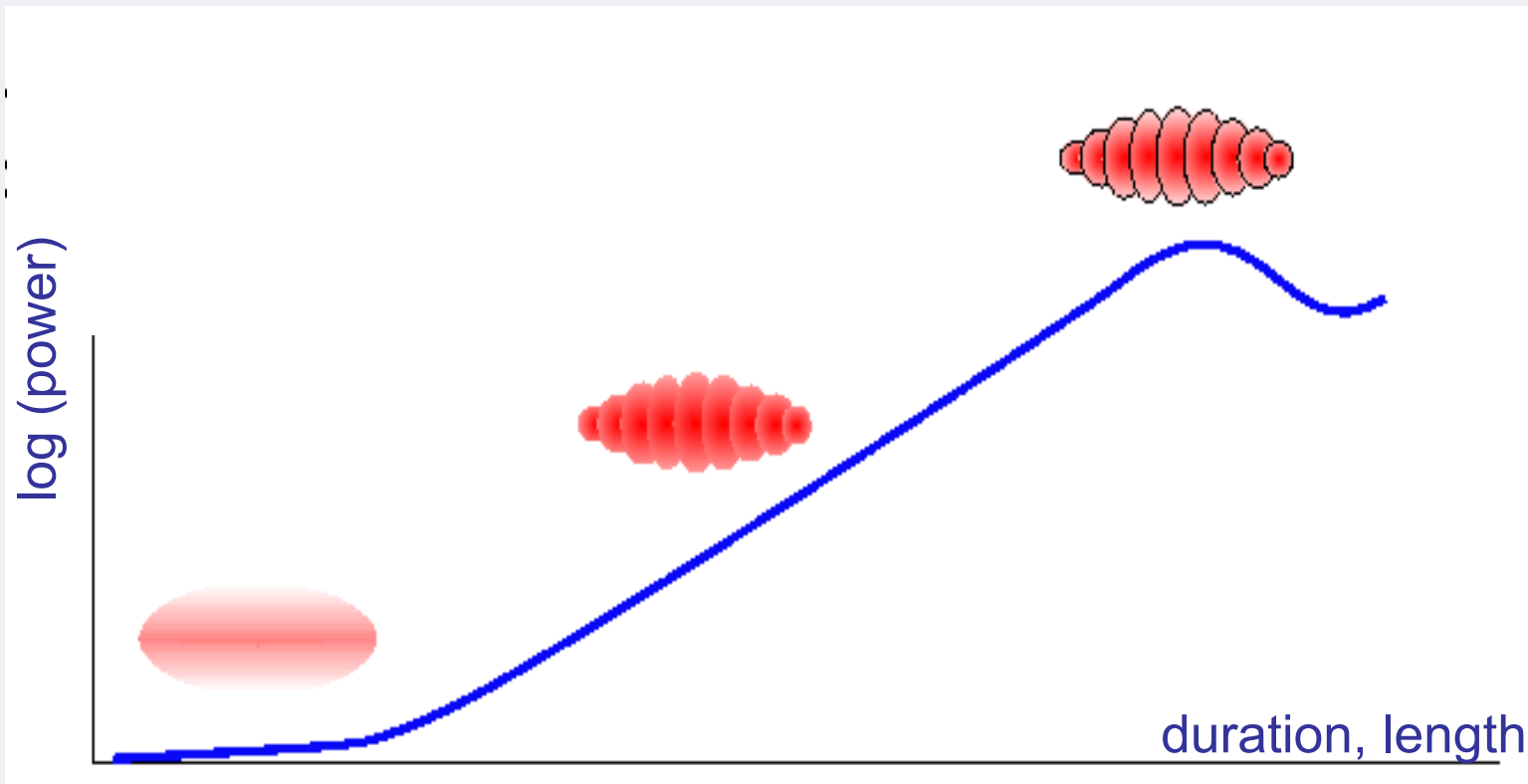
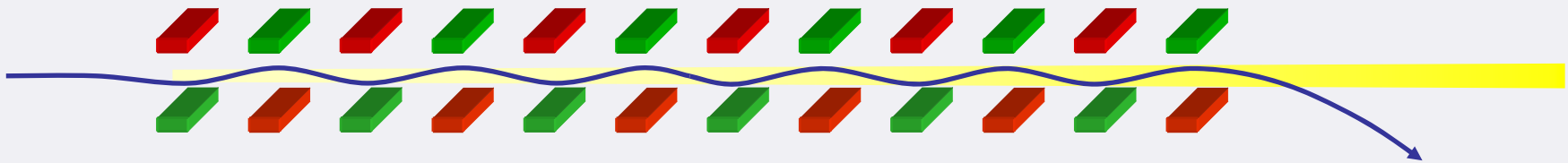
# Project overview *European XFEL*

## X-ray free-electron laser user facility with a 20 GeV super-conducting linear accelerator.

- Low emittance electron beams for SASE FEL process
- Several FEL undulators covering wide range of x-ray parameters
- Dedicated instruments for wide range of scientific applications
- Construction cost 986 M€
- First beam: 2013
- Full operation: 2015



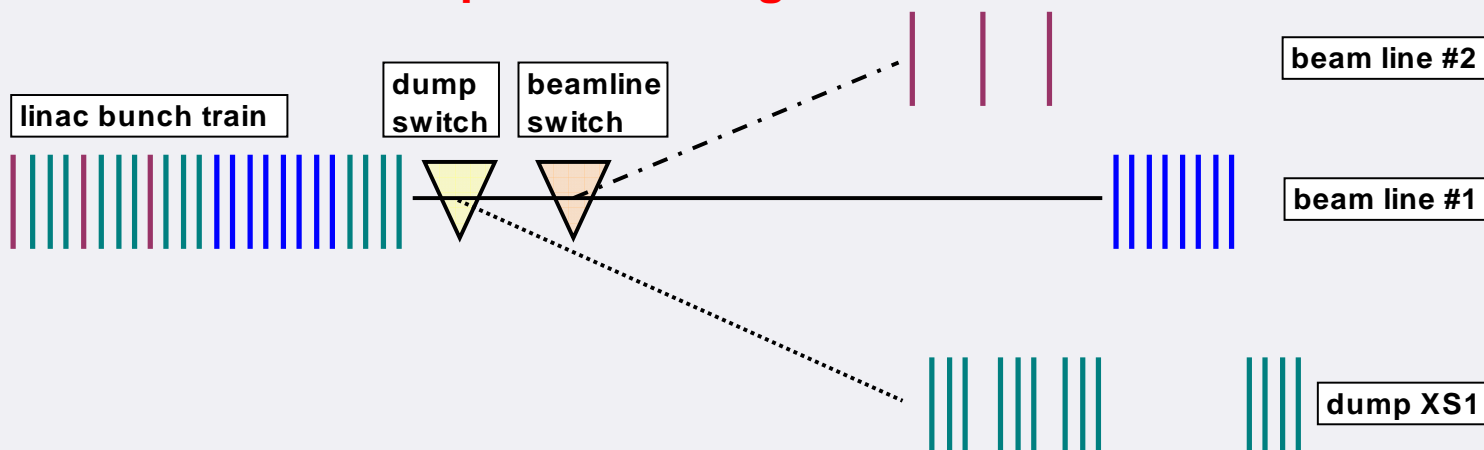
# Self-Amplified Spontaneous Emission (SASE)



# Super-conducting accelerator

## Superior qualities

- large cavity iris
  - ⇒ **reduced wakefields => smaller energy chirp**
- high stability due to intra-bunch feedback
- high flexibility of operation for simultaneous user experiments
- large number of delivered FEL pulses
  - ⇒ **Combination of peak & average brilliance**



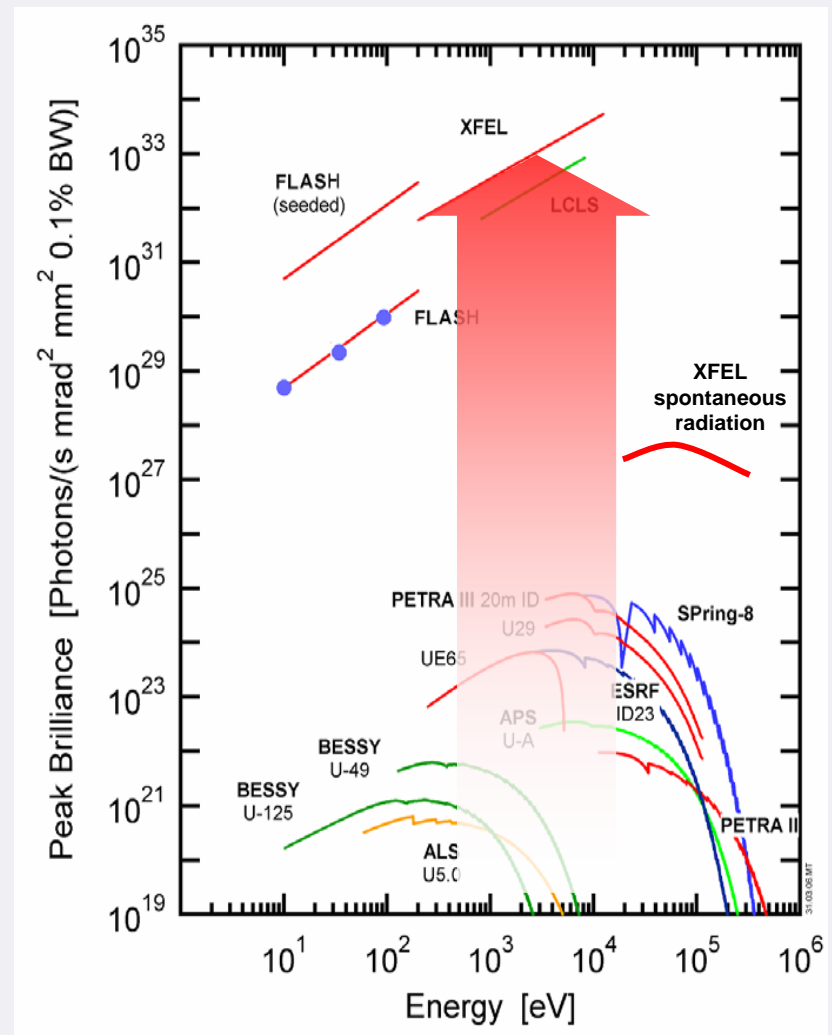
# Properties of XFEL radiation

## in the X-ray range (0.5-14 keV)

- pulse duration 100 fs
- pulse intensities  $10^{12}$ - $10^{14}$
- diffraction limited
- degeneracy  $10^9$ - $10^{12}$
- peak brilliance  $10^{32}$ - $10^{33}$

## Peak brilliance

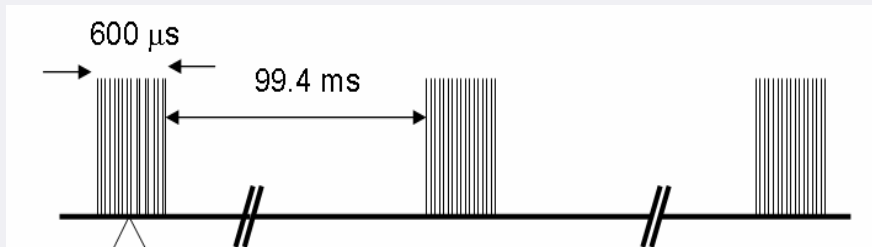
$$PB = \frac{\text{Number of photons}}{\Delta_x \Delta_{x'} \Delta_y \Delta_{y'} \times \text{bandwidth} \times \Delta_t}$$



# High average brilliance

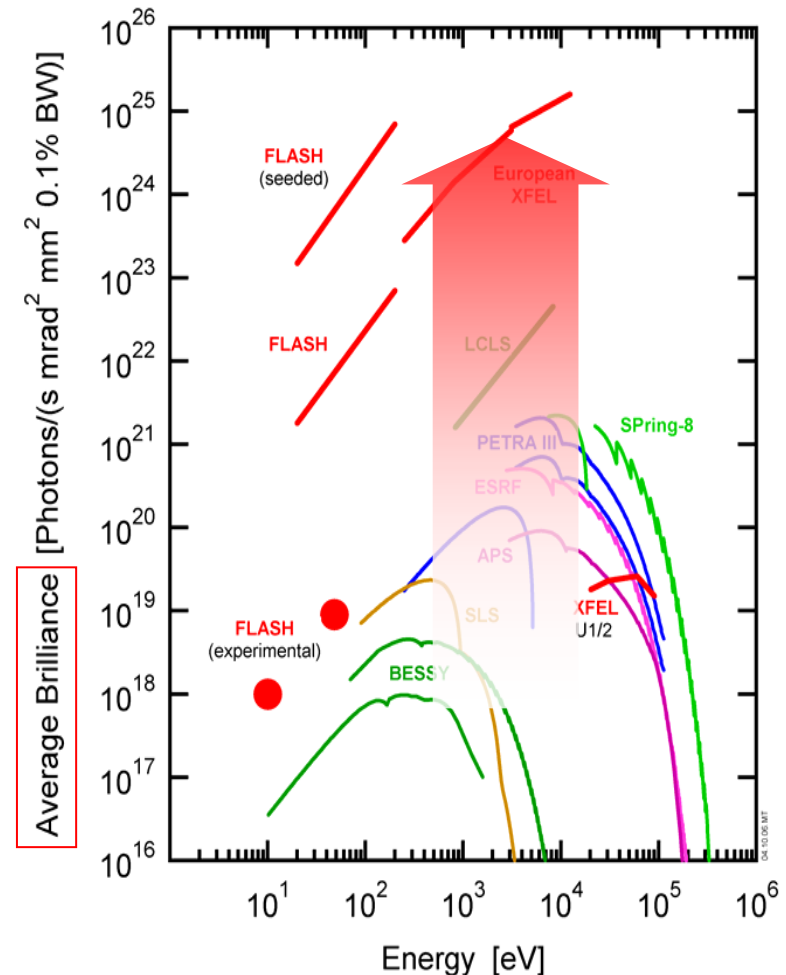
## High repetition rates

- up to 30.000 pulses/s
- pulse train mode



## Average brilliance

$$B = \frac{\text{Number of photons}}{\Delta_x \Delta_x' \Delta_y \Delta_y' \times \text{bandwidth} \times s}$$



# Building the European XFEL as a User Facility



- intense interaction in preparation of TDRs in 2001 & 2006

## European XFEL users' meetings

- last week of Jan in Hamburg – 2007, 2008, 2009, ...

## European XFEL instrumentation workshops

- SQS – Aarhus, Oct 29-31, 2008
- SPB – Uppsala, Nov 20-22, 2008
- ...2009 ...

# Startup scenario

**Limit design electron energy to 17.5 GeV**

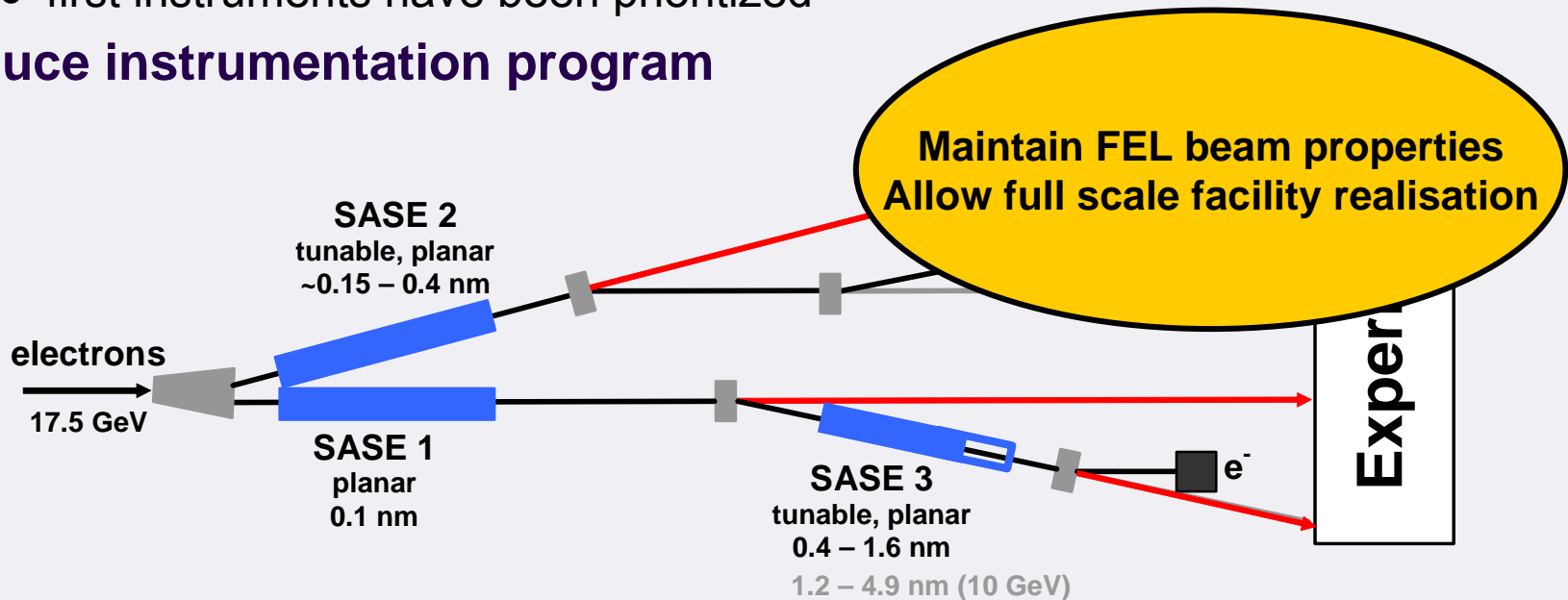
**Provide SASE FEL radiation 0.1 – 1.6 nm**

- maintain SASE radiators with slight modifications

**Reduce number of scientific instruments to six**

- first instruments have been prioritized

**Reduce instrumentation program**



# Characteristics of initial sources

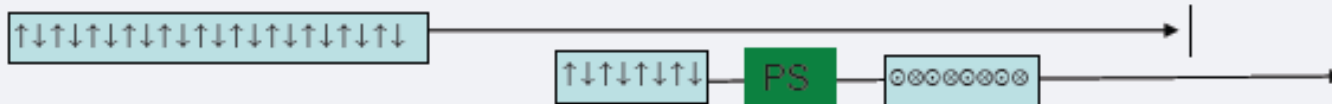
- SASE 1** as described in TDR (2006)
- designed for reaching saturation at **12.4 keV** (closed gap)
- SASE 2** shortened by 5 undulator segments
- designed for tunability range ~4 (**3.1 – 12.4 keV**)
  - magnetic length now 185 m
  - saturation length (12.4 keV, 19 mm gap) ~174 m
- SASE 3** planar device for linear polarization
- designed for tunability range ~4
    - ⇒ **0.775 – 3.1 keV @ 17.5 GeV**
    - ⇒ **0.250 – 1.0 keV @ 10 GeV**
  - ‘conventional device’
    - ⇒ **higher reliability for commissioning & operation**
  - magnetic length 105 m, saturation (3.1 keV, 19 mm) ~88 m
  - R&D on possible upgrade scenarios has started

# Possible paths towards variable polarization

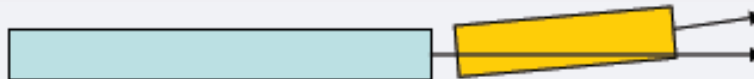
## Several scenarios

(E.L. Saldin, E.A. Schneidmiller, M. Yurkhov, B. Faatz, ...)

- **planar undulator followed by 2 crossed planar undulators**



- **planar undulator followed by helical (APPLE-type) undulator**



- **frequency doubler**



- **to be investigated: output intensity, polarization degree, electron trajectory and dynamics, separation & diagnostics of FEL beams**

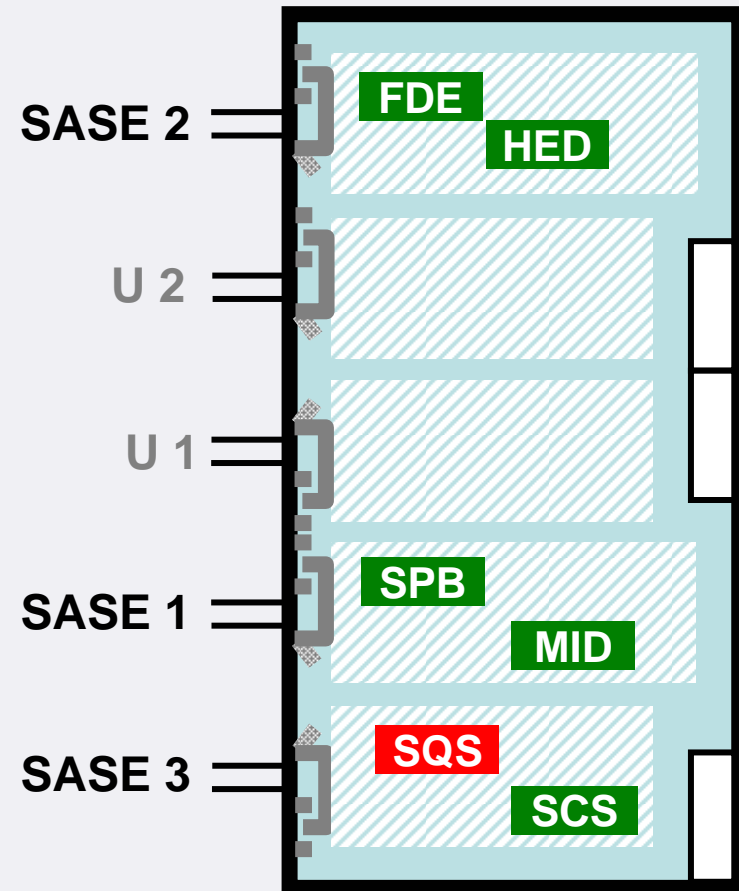
# Selection of first instruments

Hard X-rays  
Soft X-rays

Instrument	Brief description of the instrument
<b>SPB</b>	<b>Ultrafast Coherent Diffraction Imaging of Single Particles, Clusters, and Biomolecules</b> – Structure determination of single particles: atomic clusters, bio-molecules, virus particles, cells.
<b>MID</b>	<b>Materials Imaging &amp; Dynamics</b> –Structure determination of nano-devices and dynamics at the nanoscale.
<b>FDE</b>	<b>Femtosecond Diffraction Experiments</b> – Time-resolved investigations of the dynamics of solids, liquids, gases
<b>HED</b>	<b>High Energy Density Matter</b> – Investigation of matter under extreme conditions using hard x-ray FEL radiation, e.g. probing dense plasmas.
<b>SQS</b>	<b>Small Quantum Systems</b> – Investigation of atoms, ions, molecules and clusters in intense fields and non-linear phenomena.
<b>SCS</b>	<b>Soft x-ray Coherent Scattering</b> –Structure and dynamics of nano-systems and of non-reproducible biological objects using soft X-rays.

# Distribution of first instruments

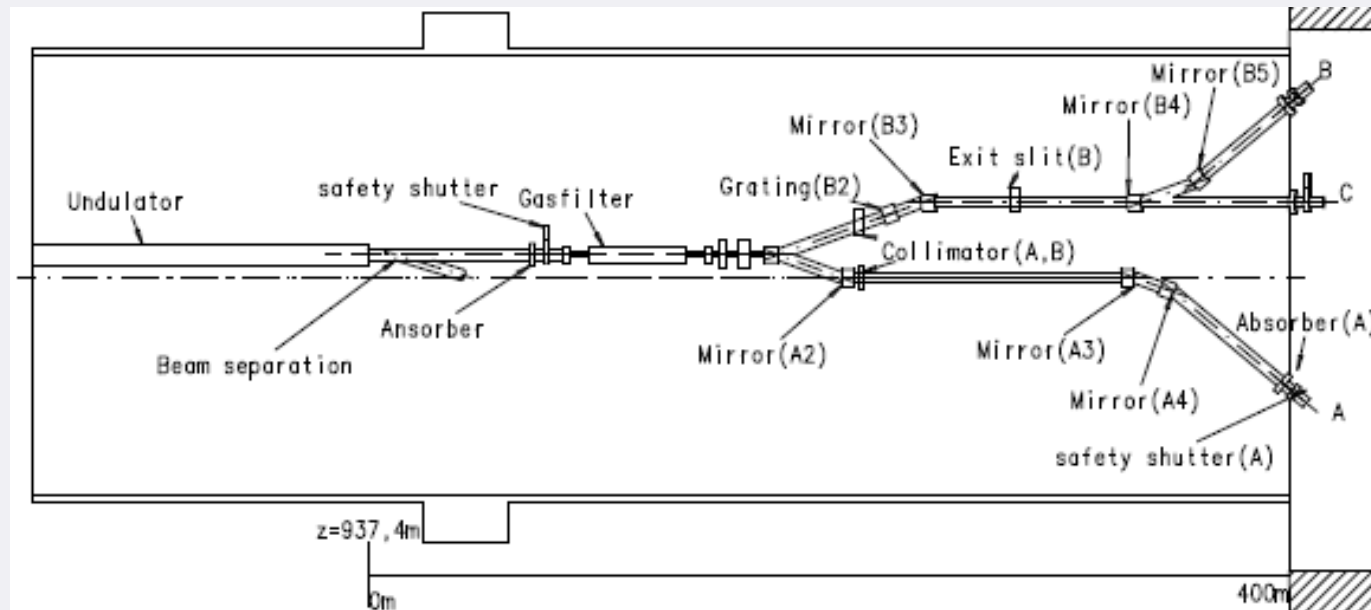
Source	Photon beam line characteristics
<b>SASE 1</b>	FEL radiation ~12 keV High coherence Spontaneous radiation (3 <sup>rd</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonics)
<b>SASE 2</b>	FEL radiation 3-12 keV High time-resolution Spontaneous radiation (3 <sup>rd</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonics)
<b>SASE 3</b>	FEL radiation 0.25 – 3 keV; High flux FEL radiation 0.25 – 3 keV; High resolution



# TDR 2006 - SASE 3 photon beamline

## Photon beamline

- # preservation of coherence (wavefront)
- # full bandwidth & monochromatization
- # two separate beam transports



# TDR 2006 - Small Quantum Systems

## Scientific aims

- Investigation of atomic, ionic, molecular or cluster samples
- Linear processes
  - ⇒ **Inner-shell ionization in atomic ions**
    - Astrophysical processes (x-ray absorption in interstellar clouds)
    - Probing atomic structure models at highest resolution using selective photon excitation of highly charged ions (Lamb-shift corrections, Zeeman spectroscopy)
  - ⇒ **Scattering from ionic crystals captured in traps (dynamics after x-ray energy deposition; strongly-coupled plasma physics)**
  - ⇒ **Fragmentation processes of molecules of astrophysical interest**
  - ⇒ **Cluster studies**
    - Atom-solid transition by spectroscopic studies with mass-selected clusters
    - Microscopic processed of x-ray energy deposition in matter
- Non-linear processes
  - ⇒ **Multiphoton studies in the x-ray spectral region**
    - Two-photon ionization processes and their applications
    - Two-colour experiments: *Dressed* atoms and *above-threshold ionization* measurements
  - ⇒ **Dynamics of small molecules**
    - Molecular wave packet dynamics
    - Investigation of laser-aligned molecules
  - ⇒ **Time-resolved photo-fragmentation of small molecules**

# TDR 2006 - Small Quantum Systems

## Requirements

- ultra-dilute samples
- tunable soft x-ray FEL radiation
- spectroscopy: small bandwidth
- non-linear proc.: high intensity

## X-ray beam requirements

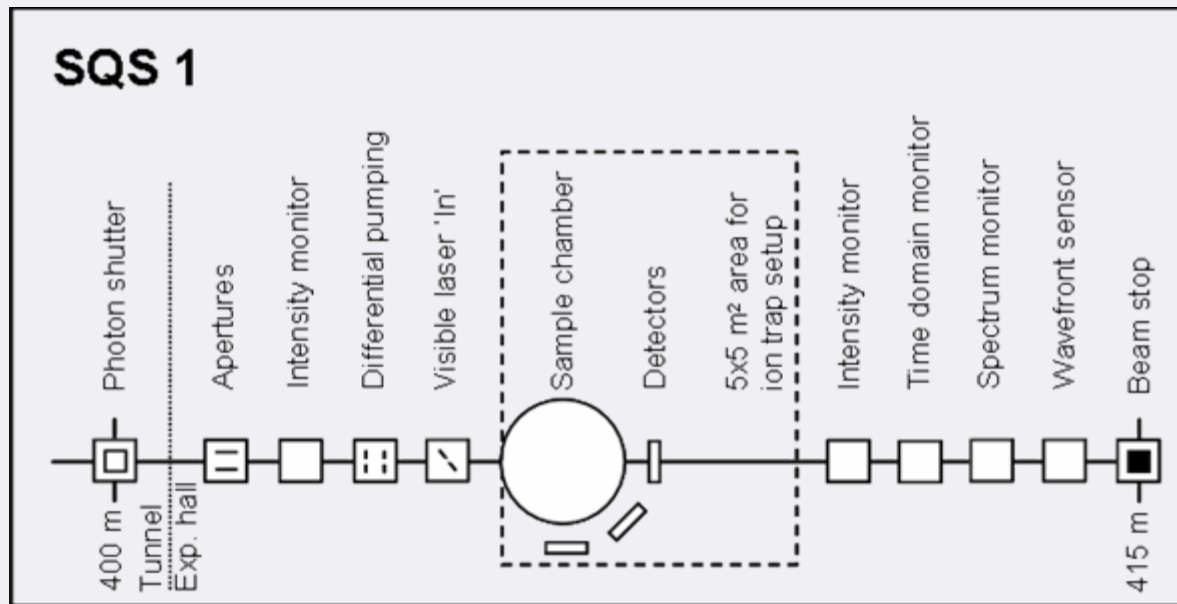
- photon energy
  - ⇒ **0.25 – 4.1 keV**
  - ⇒ **bw  $10^{-3}$ - $10^{-2}$  (high intensity)**
  - ⇒ **bw  $<10^{-5}$ - $10^{-4}$  (spectroscopy)**
- beam size
  - ⇒ **1-100  $\mu\text{m}$**
- time domain
  - ⇒ **high rep. rate with  $\Delta t > 10 \mu\text{s}$**
  - ⇒  **$< 30 \text{ fs}$  pulse for non-linear exp.**
  - ⇒ **10 fs synchronisation**

## Instrumentation

- photon diagnostics
  - ⇒ **photon flux, spectral distribution, temporal dist., focus distribution, polarisation, synchronisation**
- sample manipulation & environment
  - ⇒ **UHV conditions**
  - ⇒ **gaseous and ion beams**
  - ⇒ **confined volume (traps)**
  - ⇒ **ion beam storage ring beyond scope of instrumentation ?**
- detector requirements
  - ⇒ **particle detectors**
    - ⇒ **space-, energy-, time-resolved**
    - ⇒ **x-ray emission/fluorescence**
- optical laser
  - ⇒ **tunable (0.2-12  $\mu\text{m}$ )**
  - ⇒ **few mJ pulse energy**

# TDR 2006 - Small Quantum Systems

## SQS using monochromatized FEL radiation



**Monochromatic beam**

- $10^{-4}$  bw

**Refocusing mono. exit slit**

- 5-100  $\mu$ m spots

**UHV vacuum chamber or ion trap setup**

**Optical laser**

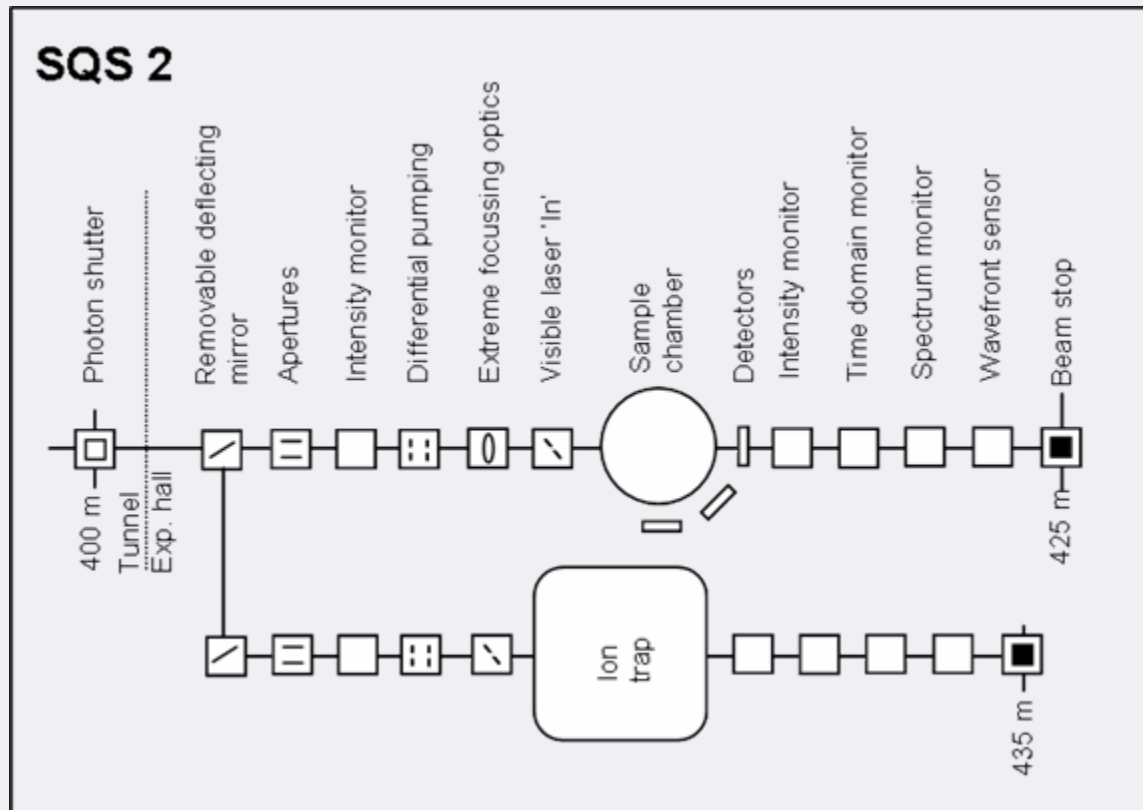
- frequency mult.
- OPA system

**Photon diagnostics**

- single-pulse
- on-line

# TDR 2006 - Small Quantum Systems

## SQS using natural monochromatization



**Nat. monochromaticity**

- $10^{-2}$ - $10^{-3}$  bw

**2 branches for different focusing options**

- $\sim 1 \mu\text{m}$  spot
- $100 \mu\text{m}$  spot

**UHV vacuum chamber and ion trap setup**  
**Optical laser**

- frequency mult.
- OPA system

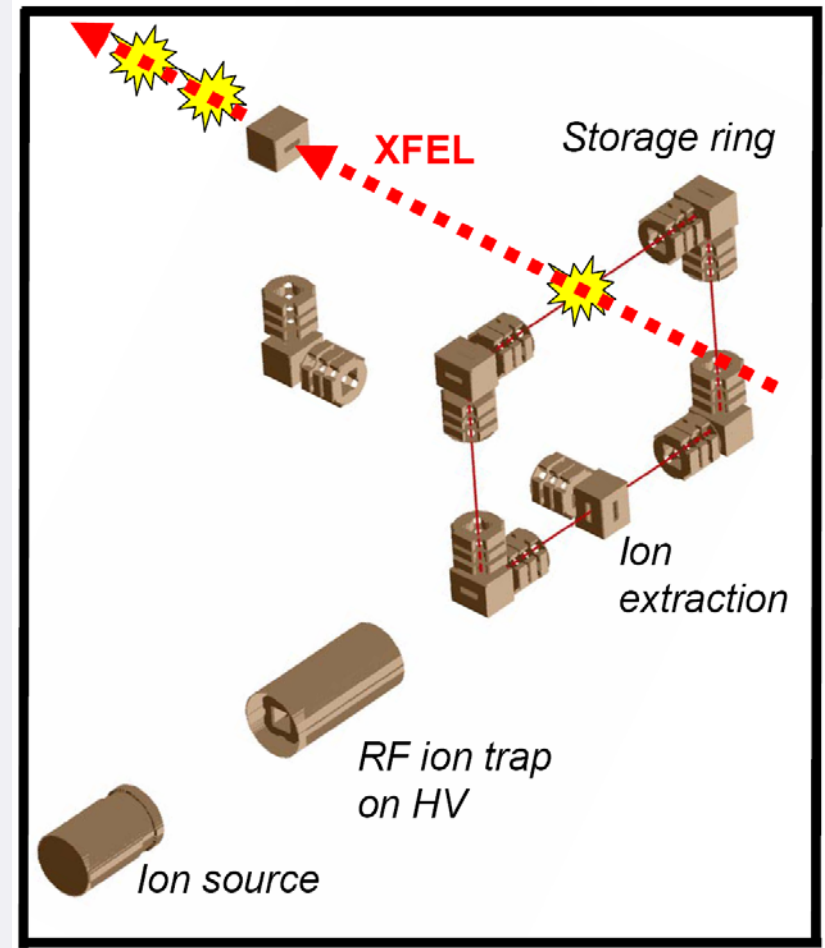
**Photon diagnostics**

- single-pulse
- on-line

# TDR 2006 – Ion beam facility

## Complex instrumentation

- permanent installation
- flexible setup enabling various options/techniques



Design:  
H. Pedersen, L. Lammich et al.

# Startup scenario

## One SQS instrument prioritized

- emphasis on high intensity
  - ⇒ **no monochromator**
  - ⇒ **tight focusing optics**
- pump-probe experiments (vis. laser/x-ray)
  - ⇒ **optical laser**
- interaction chamber provided by respective users
  - ⇒ **no chamber & instrumentation foreseen (similar to FLASH)**
  - ⇒ **no specific instrumentation (e.g. an ion beam facility)**

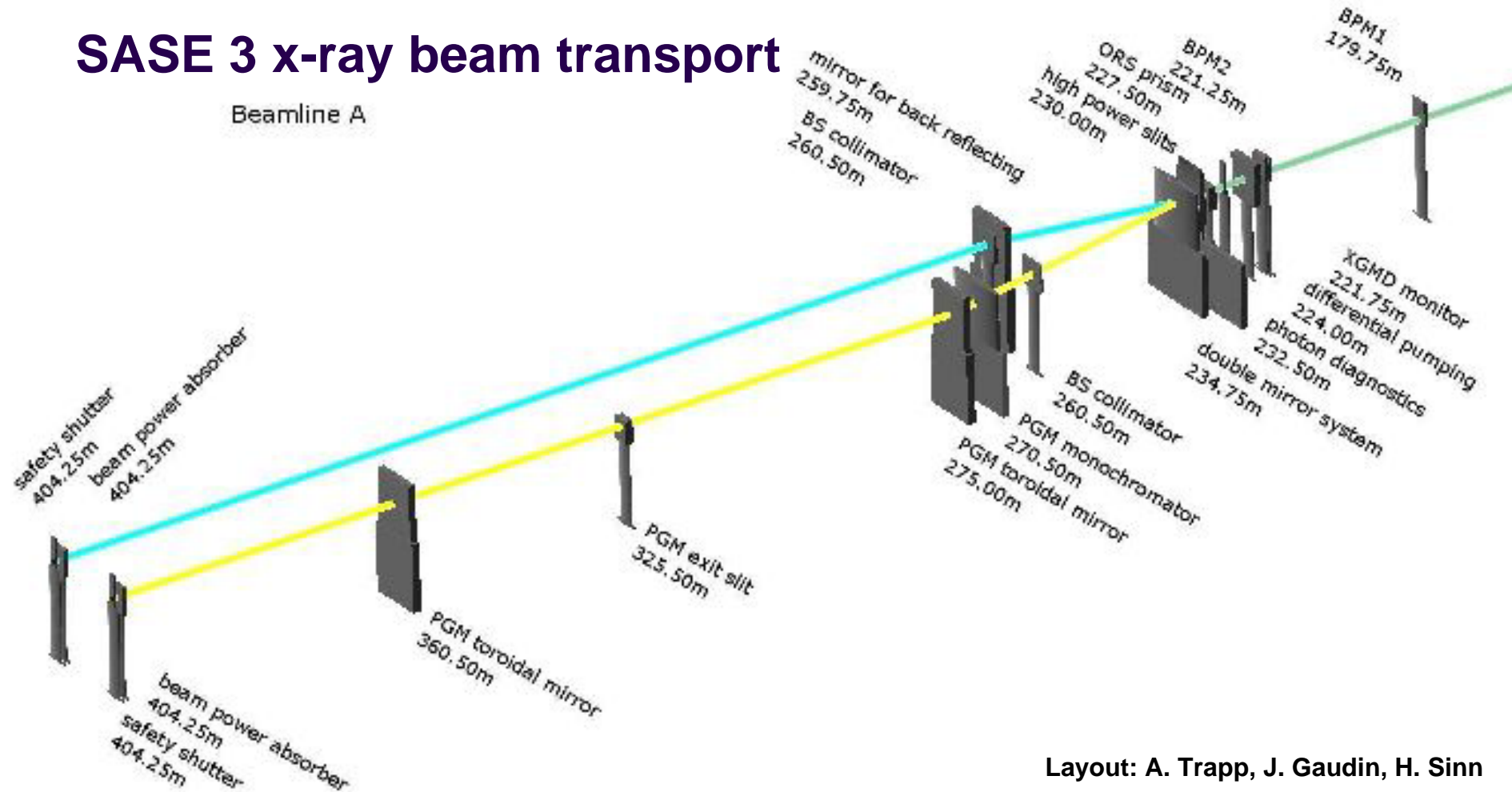
**Selection requires review by user community**

**In order to rescope this instrumentation requires a clear & strong support by the user community**

# Current planning

## SASE 3 x-ray beam transport

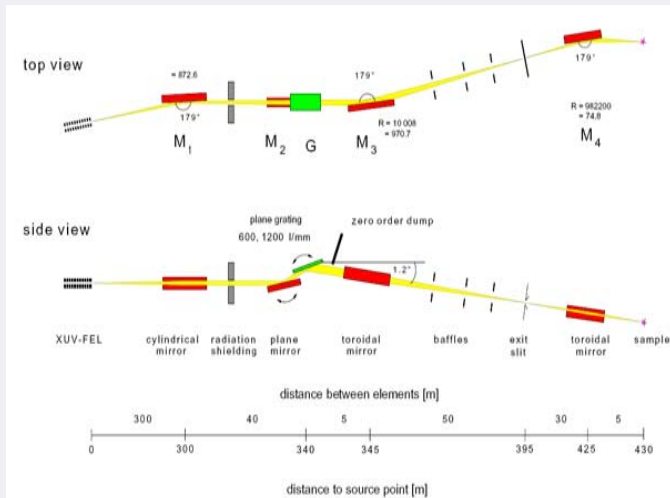
Beamline A



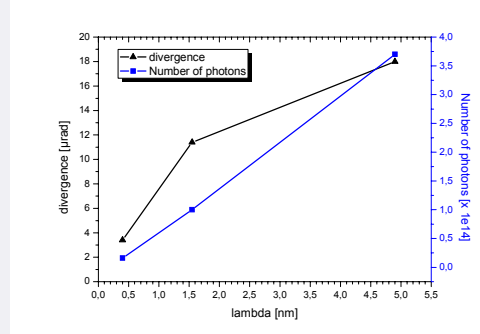
Layout: A. Trapp, J. Gaudin, H. Sinn

# Monochromator design

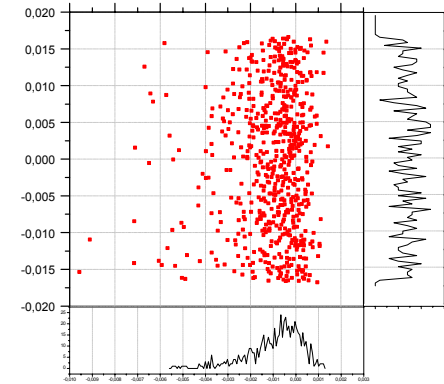
## TDR 2001/6: PGM concept



## Divergence & photon number



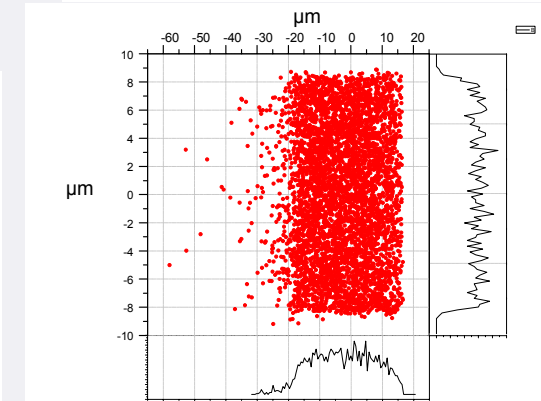
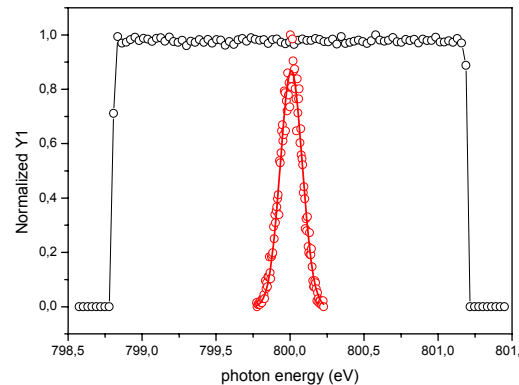
## Focus spot @ 3100 eV with G2 (slit 200\*200 μm)



**Source spectrum**  
800 eV with 0,3% bandwidth

**Spectrum after at the sample**

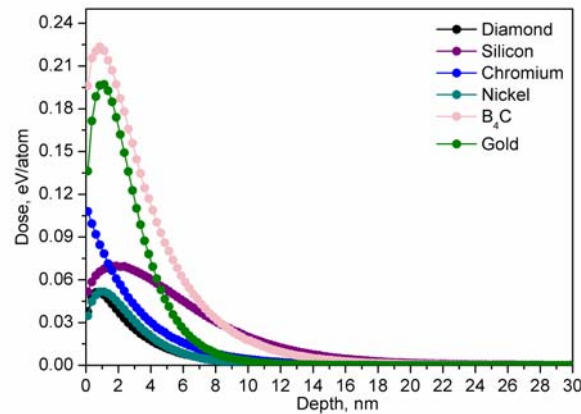
Simulations: **Bandwidth = 0,174 eV**  
J. Gaudin **Power resolution = 5e3**



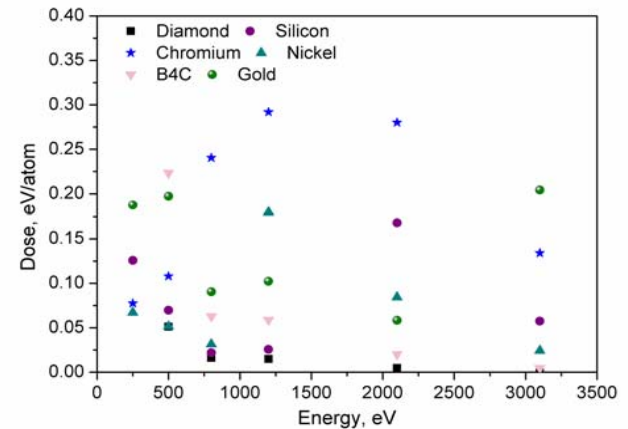
## Focus spot @ 800 eV with G1 31 x 16 μm<sup>2</sup> (slit 200x100μm)

# Interaction with highly intense FEL radiation

## Damage

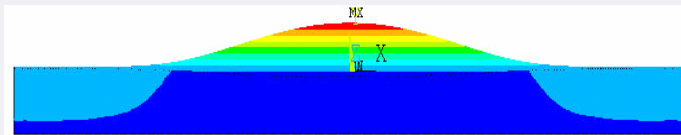


Absorption dose profile ( $h\nu=500\text{eV}$ )

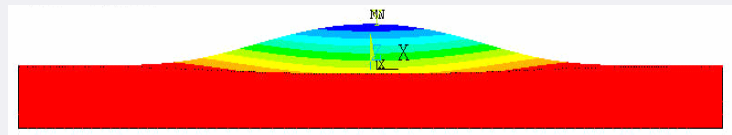


Maximum absorbed dose

## Thermal effects



Deformation for 100 nm Au layer on Si substrate in mm



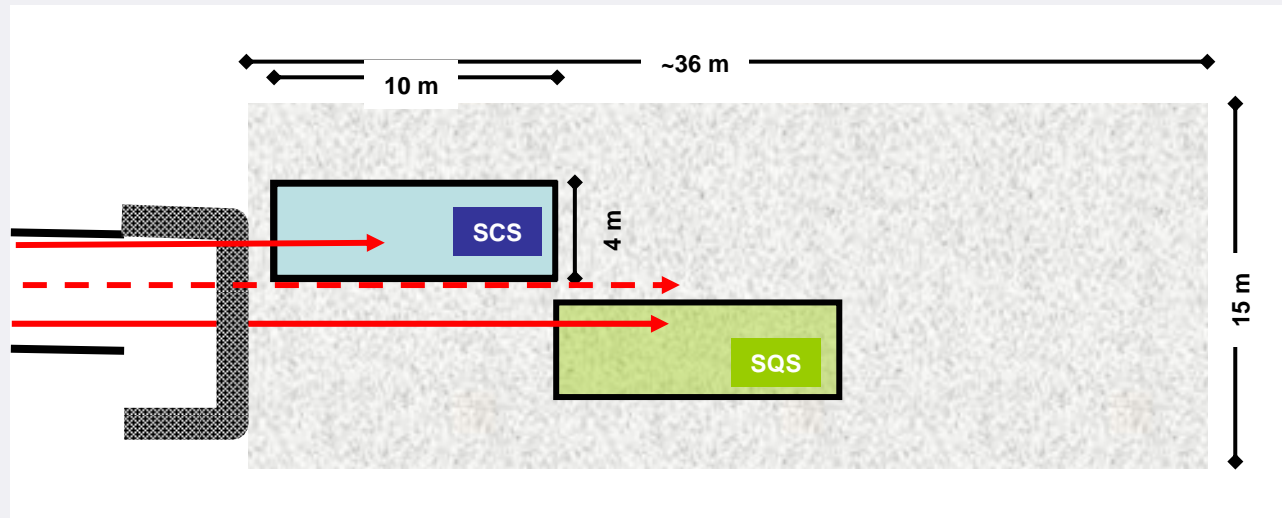
Stress for 100 nm Au layer on Si substrate in GPa

Simulations:  
V. Altapova,  
Fan Yang,  
J. Gaudin

# Experiments hall

## X-ray/optical/control hutches

- two instruments: SQS & SCS
- optical laser
- beam separation 3–4 m



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- plenaries
- working groups

# European XFEL founding documents ready

Sep 22, 2008, Hamburg

## Meeting of the International Steering Committee

- 14 International partners
  - ⇒ **Funding secured**
- Finalize discussions on
  - ⇒ **Convention**
  - ⇒ **Articles of Association**



## a rough time schedule ...

### **2008+ Formation of user groups for first instruments**

- Requirements for beam transport
- Scientific scope and layout instruments
- Infrastructure needs for instruments

### **2009+ Establish and review conceptual designs**

- X-ray Optics & Beam Transport
- Scientific Instruments

### **2010+ Establish and review technical designs**

### **2011+ Construction and commissioning**

### **2014 Involve Users in early experimental program**

### **2015 Start full operation of most instruments**

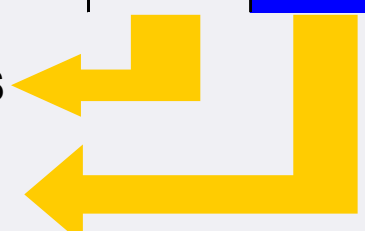
# Time schedule

	2007		2008				2009				2010				2011				2012				2013				2014				2015			
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Project start	X																																	
Civil construction																																		
Commissioning start																																		
Preparation SASE 1																																		
Commissioning SASE 1																																		
Commissioning BL S1																																		
Commissioning Exp S1																																		
Operation S1 (SPB, MID)																																		
Preparation SASE 2																																		
Commissioning SASE 2																																		
Commissioning BL S2																																		
Commissioning Exp S2																																		
Operation S2 (FDE, HED)																																		
Construction SASE3																																		
Commissioning SASE 3																																		
Commissioning BL S3																																		
Commissioning Exp S3																																		
Operation S3 (SQS, SCS)																																		

**Commissioning SASE 1 & 3: SPB, MID, SQS, SCS**

**Commissioning SASE 2: FDE, HED**

**Operation SASE 1 & 3: SPB, MID, SQS, SCS**



## ... in the case of SASE 3 beamline

### Undulators

- SASE 1 ready for technical design

### X-ray Optics & Beam Transport

- R&D (damage issues, wavefront preservation) & design
- Requirements for SPB & MID instruments
- Conceptual design beamline → Review ~2010
- Technical design beamline → Review ~2011

### Scientific instruments SQS & SCS

- Definition of first experiments & instrumentation
- Conceptual design SQS & SCS → Review ~2011
- Technical design SQS & SCS → Review ~2012

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- working groups

# Plenary talks

SESSION I: X-ray FELs and Small Quantum Systems	
14.45-15.15	<b>Thomas Tschentscher</b> Status of the European XFEL and plans for a SQS instrument
15.15-15.45	<b>John Bozek</b> AMO Science at the LCLS - Instrumentation and First Experiments
15.45-16.15	Coffee/Tea
SESSION II: Gas phase experiments	
16.15-16.45	<b>Thomas Möller</b> Ultrafast processes of clusters in intense X-ray beams
16.45-17.15	<b>Robert Moshhammer</b> Atomic and molecular fragmentation in intense XUV laser fields
17.15-17.45	<b>Michael Meyer</b> Pump-probe experiments in the XFEL regime
17.45-18.15	<b>Henrik Stapelfeldt</b> Laser aligned molecules as sample holders for FEL experiments
18.15-18.45	<b>Daniel Rolles</b> Multi-particle correlation measurements on atoms, molecules and nanoparticles
18.45-19.15	<b>Kyoshi Ueda</b> Atomic, molecular and cluster science using X-ray FELs
19.30-	Buffet dinner
SESSION III: Experiments with ion beams	
09.00-09.30	<b>Stefan Schippers</b> Photon-Ion experiment with hard X-rays: From PETRA III to the XFEL (Merged-beam technologies)
09.30-10.00	<b>Andreas Wolf</b> Photon induced fragmentation in molecular systems studied with fast beam imaging
10.00-10.30	<b>Mats Larsson</b> Experiments with stored ion beams
10.30-11.00	Coffee/Tea
SESSION IV: Experiments with trapped particles	
11.00-11.30	<b>José R. Crespo López-Urrutia</b> Soft x-ray laser spectroscopy
11.30-12.00	<b>Alexander Dorn</b> Tracing ultra-fast many-electron processes in the super-brilliant light of the XFEL via high-resolution MOTRIMS
12.00-12.30	<b>Todd Ditmire</b> Strongly coupled ion plasmas probed with the XFEL
12.30-13.30	Lunch

# Working groups

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30	
	<b>SESSION I: Experimental techniques I</b>
14.00-14.10	<b>Thomas Möller/Michael Meyer</b> Introduction
14.10-14.30	<b>Eckart Rühl</b> Experiments on Nano-Particles
14.30-14.50	<b>Tim Laarmann</b> X-ray Femtochemistry on small molecular systems
14.50-15.10	<b>Todd Ditmire</b> Studies on Clusters
15.10-15.30	<b>Daniel Rolles</b> X-Ray Fluorescence
15.30-16.00	Coffee/Tea (Physics Canteen)
	<b>SESSION II: Experimental techniques II</b>
16.00-16.20	<b>John Costello</b> Time-resolved Pump-Probe experiments
16.20-16.40	<b>Jonathan Marangos</b> Non-linear Processes in the X-Ray regime
16.40-17.00	<b>Marc Vrakking</b> Velocity-map Imaging
17.00-17.20	<b>Henrik Stapelfeldt</b> Molecular Alignment and Orientation
17.20-17.40	Conclusion
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31	
	<b>SESSION III:</b>
09.00-09.30	Spontaneous contributions
09.30-10.30	Discussions and drafting of report
10.30-11.00	Coffee/Tea (Physics Canteen)

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30	
	<b>SESSION I: Ion Target preparation</b>
14.00-14.10	<b>Henrik B. Pedersen/Stefan Schippers</b> Introduction
14.10-14.30	<b>Lutz Lammich</b> Fast Ion Beams
14.30-14.50	<b>Andreas Wolf</b> High energy ion beams and chrogenic storage rings
14.50-15.10	<b>Sascha Epp</b> Electron Beam Ion Traps (EBITs)
15.10-15.30	<b>Reinhold Schuch</b> Penning Ion Traps
15.30-16.00	Coffee/Tea (Physics canteen)
	<b>SESSION II: Ion-XFEL interaction</b>
16.00-16.20	<b>Michael Drewsen</b> Trapped ion-XFEL interactions
16.20-16.40	<b>Jean-Marc Bizau</b> Ion beam-XFEL interactions
16.40-17.00	<b>Ottmar Jagutzki</b> Detection of electrons and heavy fragments
17.00-17.20	<b>Andreas Schwarz</b> Detection of Photons
17.20-17.30	<b>Discussion and conclusion</b>
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31	
	<b>SESSION III: XFEL-beam and additional laser sources</b>
09.00-09.30	<b>Stefan Düsterer</b> Experience from FLASH
09.30-10.30	Discussions and drafting of report
10.30-11.00	Coffee/Tea (Physics canteen)

**Working groups shall provide ample time for discussion !**

# Output of the working groups

## Science

- identify scientific drivers for instrumentation

## Technical issues

- FEL generation & x-ray beam delivery
  - ⇒ **photon energy, bandwidth, spot size, energy vs. power, ...**
- SQS instrument implementation
  - ⇒ **techniques, instrumentation, detectors, lasers, ...**
- needs for additional instrumentation
  - ⇒ **ion beam facility, ...**

## User community issues

- establish a SQS user group (list, email, future meetings, ...)
- define process to resolve open issues

## → Brief report

- summarizing working group discussion
- suggested instrumentation
- proposed activities required to establish the instrumentation

## Conclusion

- **European XFEL now enters a new phase of interaction with user community about details of science program.**
- **SQS instrument is undergoing review. Your input is crucial in this process.**
- **Scope limited in startup version compared to that of the TDR 2006.**

**The European XFEL team is looking forward to working with you over the next years on defining and constructing this instrument.**

